THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

ADVANCED CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION, MAY 1994

133/2

BIOLOGY PAPER 2

(For both School and Private Candidates)

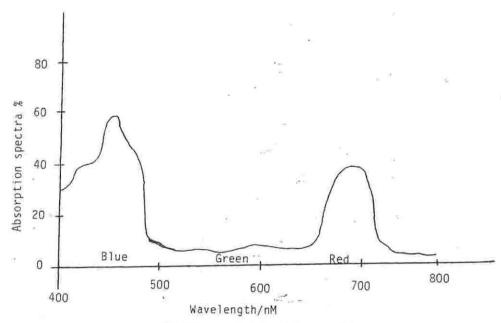
TIME: $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours

- 1. Answer ALL questions
- Write your Centre and Index Number on every page of your answer book.
- Except for diagrams, all writing must be in blue or black ink/ball point pens.
- 4. Read each question carefully.

This paper consists of 5 printed pages.

- 1. (a) (i) State the components of the Cell Theory.
 - .(ii) What are the structural differences between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells?
 - (b) Giving reasons state where in the body of a mammal you would find a large number of lysosomes and mitochondria.
 - (c) How is the epidermis of a dicot leaf adapted for the functions it performs?
 - (d) (i) By means of labelled T.S. diagrams only, show the differences between structures of myelinated and non-myelinated nerve fibres.
 - . (ii) State the role of the myellin sheath.
- 2. (a) (i) Explain why viruses must inevitably lead a parasitic mode of life.
 - (ii) What is the importance of the wet and dry conditions in the life-cycle of a moss plant?
 - (b) Differentiate between a seed and a fruit.
- 3. (a) (i) What is a parasite?
 - (ii) List, giving common and scientific names, one parasite of man from each of the following phyla: Protozoa, Platyhelminthes, Annelida and Aschelminthes.
 - (b) At what lowest classification rank are man, elephant, whale and bat grouped together? What characteristics do they share at this rank?
- (i) Distinguish between the following terms as used in connection with enzymes: co-factor and co-enzyme, inhibitor and activator.
 - (ii) How do ions of the following elements affect some enzyme controlled reactions? Hydrogen, calcium and mercury.
 - (b) Briefly describe the role of each of the following in protein synsthesis: Ribosomes, DNA, mRNA and tRNA.
- 5. (a) (i) Explain how living organisms are involved in nitrogen fixation.
 - (ii) How is the nitrogen made available to other plants?
 - (b) Transpiration is said to be a "necessary evil". Comment.

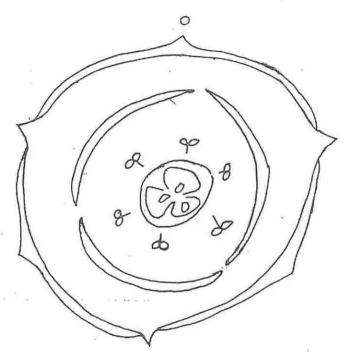
6. (a) Study the graph below. Give a summary of your interpretation of the graph.



Action spectra of chlorophyll

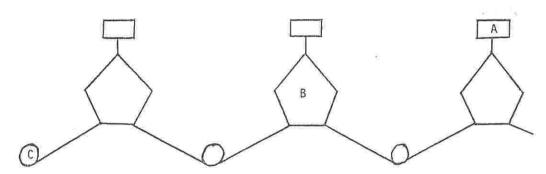
- (b) Give a brief account of the role of a mammalian liver in protein metabolism.
- 7. (a) Respiration is an energy releasing process. Explain why the first stage of glycolysis use up ATP instead of releasing ATP:
 - (b) Explain why endothems can live in cold polar climates but are not so numerous in hot desert climates where ectotherms thrive.
- 8. (a) How does the failure to secrete insulin and anti-diuretic hormone (ADH) affect the amount and composition of urine secreted in man?
 - (b) (i) True growth is not simply an increase in size. State three different ways in which growth can be expressed.
 - (ii) How does light availability influence growth in plants?

9. (a) Below is a floral diagram of a hypothetical flower.



- (i) To what sub-class of angiosperms would the flower belong? Give reasons for your answer.
- (ii) Write the possible floral formula for the flower.
- (b) (i) Draw a well labelled diagram of a human spermatozoan.
 - (ii) State why testes in man are located external to the body cavity.
- (a) (i) Briefly explain how a nerve impulse is transmitted along a nerve fibre.
 - (ii) What is meant by "adaptations of receptors"?
 - (b) (i) What are gibberellins?
 - .(ii) Differentiate between tactic and mastic responses in plants.

11. (a) (i) The diagram below shows part of a polynucleotide chain. Name the chemical groups labelled A, B and C.



- (ii) If the sequence of bases found in a strand of DNA which serves as a template for the synthesis of a mRNA is adenine - guaninecytosine-thymine, what will be the sequence of bases found in the newly synthesized mRNA?
- (b) (i) Explain how variation may arise in asexually reproducing organisms.
 - (ii) Why are most mutations recessive?
- 12. (a) Distinguish between
 - (i) primary and secondary ecological succession
 - (ii) ecosystem and community
 - (b) Give explanations for the following statements.
 - (i) Organisms in two totally unrelated taxa may resemble each other in certain features.
 - (ii) Homology is evidence for divergent evolution.