## THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION

033/2A

## BIOLOGY 2A (ACTUAL PRACTICAL A)

(For Both School and Private Candidates)

Time: 2:30 Hours

Friday, 12th October 2012 a.m.

## **Instructions**

- 1. This paper consists of two (2) questions. Answer all the questions.
- 2. Each question carries 25 marks.
- 3. Except for diagrams which must be drawn in pencil, all writings should be in blue or black ink
- 4. Calculators are **not** allowed in the examination room.
- 5. Cellular phones are **not** allowed in the examination room.
- 6. Write your **Examination Number** on every page of your answer booklet(s).

- You have been provided with specimens F and G. 1.
  - Study specimens F and G carefully, then: (a)
    - Identify specimens F and G using their common names.
    - (ii) Compare specimens F and G, then state their observable differences.
    - (iii) Briefly explain the types of germination which occurs in specimens **F** and **G**.
  - Using a scalpel, remove the outer coat from specimen F. Split the two parts with the (b) inner sides facing upwards. Then:

Draw a well labelled diagram to show the structures of one part of the split specimen F as would be seen from above.

- For each structure labelled in specimen F, state the role they play in seed germination.
- Using a scalpel, prepare a longitudinal section of specimen G. (c)
  - Draw a well labelled diagram of the cut surface of specimen G.
  - Identify the part used by specimen G to absorb water during seed germination.
- 2. You have been provided with specimens H, I, J and K.
  - Study carefully specimens H and I then: (a)
    - Identify specimens H and I by their common names. (i)
    - Suggest the mode of locomotion of specimens H and I. Give reason to support (ii) your answer.
    - State the features used to place specimen H in the Kingdom Animalia. (iii)
  - Use the hand lens to observe specimens **J** and **K** then: (b)
    - Identify specimens J and K by their common names. (i)
    - Name the habitats for each of specimens J and K. (ii)
    - Briefly explain the features which enable specimen  ${\bf H}$  to survive in its habitat. (iii) (iv)
    - Classify specimens J and K to the phylum level. (v)
    - Write down one advantage and one disadvantage for each specimen  ${\bf J}$  and  ${\bf K}$ .