

Candidates' Examination Number _____

SMZ

ZANZIBAR EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

FORM THREE ENTRANCE EXAMINATION

022

ENGLISH

TIME: 2.30 HOURS

WEDNESDAY 11TH DECEMBER, 2019 A.M

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. This paper consists of **FOUR (4)** sections A, B, C and D.
2. Answer **ALL** questions in section A and B. Choose **TWO (2)** questions in section C and any **THREE (3)** questions in section D.
3. Write your examination number on each page.
4. Write all answers in the space provided.
5. Use a blue or black pen in writing.
6. Cellular phones are not allowed in the examination room.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY		
QUESTION NUMBER	MARKS	SIGNATURE
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		
TOTAL		

This paper consists of 18 printed pages

SECTION A: (20 Marks)

COMPREHENSION

Answer ALL questions in this section.

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow.

More than 70 percent of the Earth is covered with water. The oceans, which are the largest bodies of water, are all connected forming one vast body of water.

Three of the oceans surround the frozen South Pole continent of Antarctica are the Pacific Ocean, the Atlantic Ocean and the Indian Ocean. Near the North Pole, the Pacific Ocean and Atlantic Ocean merge into the Arctic Ocean.

The Pacific is the world's largest ocean. It is much larger than all Earth's land put together. It covers more than one third of the Earth's surface and it is twice as large as any other ocean. A large number of Islands rise above the surface of the Pacific Ocean.

The Atlantic is half size of the Pacific and about 3,000 miles wide. It has been very important to history because it separates the American continents from Europe and Africa.

The broad arm of the sea between Africa and Australia is called the Indian Ocean. The Indian Ocean is the world's warmest ocean.

The smallest and coldest ocean, the Arctic surrounds the North Pole. Most of it is frozen all year long.

A sea is a large area of salt water that is smaller than an ocean and it is partially or completely enclosed by land. Usually seas are connected to oceans but sometimes they are inland, where they are closed by land. One salt water lake is Caspian Sea, the largest inland body of water in the world. It is called a sea because it contains salt water, but a lake because it is land locked. Another sea is Black sea, this sea is almost land locked means completely surrounded by land.

Questions

1. a) Choose the correct answer from the given alternatives and write its letter in the brackets.
- i. The frozen continent in the South pole is called ()
A. Atlantic. B. Pacific.
C. Antarctica. D. Arctic.
- ii. More than one third of Earth's surface is ()
A. The Arctic Ocean. B. The Pacific Ocean.
C. The Indian Ocean. D. The Atlantic Ocean.
- iii. The Atlantic ocean is very important in history because it separates ()
A. America from Africa.
B. Europe from Africa.
C. North America and South America.
D. Europe and Africa from America.
- iv. It is said that, the Sea is inland when it is ()
A. Connected to ocean. B. Closed by land.
C. Containing salt water. D. Smaller than ocean.
- v. The Caspian Sea is called a lake because ()
A. It has salt water.
B. It is the largest inland body of water.
C. It is land locked.
D. It is a small part of the ocean.

b) Choose the appropriate word from the box below to fill the blanks.

- i. The Pacific Ocean contains many _____.
- ii. The _____ Sea separates Africa from Australia.
- iii. The Indian Ocean is the _____ Ocean in the world.
- iv. The sea which is completely surrounded by land is referred to as _____.
- v. The large part of the Earth is covered by _____.

Warmest,	Inland,	Islands,	Indian,	water
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c) Make meaningful sentences by using the underlined words from the passage.

2. In about thirty (30) words write a summary of the last paragraph of the passage.

SECTION B: (30 Marks)

PATTERNS AND VOCABULARY

Answer ALL questions in this section.

3. a) Indicate the class of the underlined words. Number one (i) is given as an example.

- i. Fatma is my mother.
Noun
- ii. They went to visit their parents last week.
- iii. The doctor is examining a patient.
- iv. Put your examination papers on that desk.
- v. My child speaks slowly.
- vi. That boy is a slow learner.
- vii. Your mother and mine are friends.

- b) Fill the blanks with suitable word to complete the following questions.

- i. _____ she always play netball very well?
- ii. _____ he teach us English last week?
- iii. _____ you fetching water now?
- iv. _____ they attend the meeting next week?
- v. _____ we broken this bottle?
- vi. _____ you often speak French?

- c) From the text below write three (3) **factual information** and three (3) **non factual information**.

Tanzania is a country that is located in Eastern Africa. It is the home of Africa's highest mountain peak, Mount Kilimanjaro. In the East, it is bordered by the Indian Ocean. The country has over 45 million people. More than 90% of the Tanzanians speak Kiswahili as their national language. This country got her independence in 1960s. Mwalimu Julius Nyerere and Sheikh Abeid Amani Karume were the first leaders of the nation while Mwalimu Julius Nyerere is famously referred to as 'Baba wa Taifa'.

In Tanzania also we find lakes like Lake Tanganyika. Lake Tanganyika is the biggest and deepest lake in Africa. It is said that it may probably be the deepest lake in the whole world.

But I haven't seen much about this lake apart from tales from my grandfather, and I think this may be true or just an exaggerated story. What I understand is that in our country and Africa, this lake may be the largest and the deepest lake, not for the whole world. Some tales say this lake is guided by gods and it is possible because some wonders we see are very extraordinary.

There is also a possibility that this is the only lake that has many varieties of fish species in the world. These fish species make this lake the special among many inland lakes. It might be true, but since I was a child, I have been witnessing various kinds of fishes. There are fishes of various shapes, sizes and colour. This is a proof to me that this lake is special. May be I'm trying to exaggerate the lake because I have been here since a long time. Perhaps, you can come and see for yourself the wonders of Lake Tanganyika. Probably, you will agree with me. You are welcome!

Factual information

- i. _____

- ii. _____

- iii. _____

Non factual information

- i. _____

- ii. _____

- iii. _____

- d) Study the picture below and in six (6) sentences explain about the activities that are going on in this picture.



This image shows a blank sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

- | List A | | List B | |
|--------|----------------------|--------|---------------------------|
| i. | A psychiatrist _____ | a. | Receives guests |
| ii. | A midwife _____ | b. | Fixes glasses to windows |
| iii. | A surgeon _____ | c. | Operates people |
| iv. | A glazier _____ | d. | Makes furniture |
| v. | A receptionist _____ | e. | Helps mad people |
| vi. | A carpenter _____ | f. | Helps women to give birth |
| | | g. | Removes teeth |

SECTION C: (20 Marks)

WRITING SKILLS

Choose any TWO (2) questions from this section.

4. Your friend is awarded a scholarship to study in America for one year and he/she will travel to America next week. Write a card wishing him/her all the best in his/her journey and studies.

[illegible]

5. Imagine you have received the following letter from your father who lives in the village. Read the letter carefully and reply by giving him some advice on how to take care of the situation.

Mangapwani village,

P. O. Box 075,

Zanzibar.

28-12-2019.

Dear son, Matatizo

I hope you are fine and going well with your studies.

The aim of this letter is to inform you that we have some problems here at home. First of all, your mom fell sick last week. She has a fever and bad stomachache. I wanted to send her to hospital but I didn't have any money at that time. So I gave her some herbs as a first aid but she is still suffering.

Also your brother, Hashim started to play truancy. I realized that when I checked his books. It is about one month now he didn't attend to school. I tried to talk with him but he complained that it is far from school and he is tied to go to school on foot. He wanted me to buy him a bicycle. I told him about my financial condition but he still insists to have a bicycle.

Then, yesterday when I visited the farm I found almost all cassava plants were eaten by our neighbor's cattle. I went to talk with him but I was disappointed with his rudeness.

My son, it is really a big burden to handle this situation alone. I'm really confused my son!

Your father,

Mashaka.

[illegible]

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SECTION D: (30 Marks)

RESPONSE TO READINGS

Answer THREE (3) questions from this section.

Question number SEVEN (7) is compulsory.

7. Answer the following questions.

i. What do you understand by the term "plot" as it is used in literary work?

ii. How does a persona in the poem differ from a character in the short story?

iii. With two (2) examples define the term "irony".

iv. What do you understand by the term "setting"?

- v. What is the difference between a novel and a short story?

8. Answer the following questions.

- i. Write two (2) differences between a closed and open poem.

- ii. How does the poetic language differ from the language of other literary work?

- iii. Write two (2) characteristics of open poem.

- iv. Define the term "mood".

- v. What is a ballad?

9. Read the poem below and answer the questions that follow.

Look the woman
Tired hungry baby
She drags her legs
The firewood bundle on the head
Weighs heavily
But still she trudges on

Her skin once smooth and dark
Is now mudded and dark
Her clothes are dusty and torn
Her feet dirty and cracked

Neither old nor ugly
She is gentle tireless and brave
When she reaches home
She fetches water from the well

Lights the fire prepares the food
There is more work in the fields
Till the sun set
Dear God when will she rest?

Questions

i. What is the poem about?

ii. Write the message of the poem.

iii. What is the mood of the poet?

iv. How many stanzas are there in the poem?

v. How many verses are there in the last stanza?

10. Select one class reader you have read from the given list and answer the questions.

LIST OF THE READING

Fast Money	-	K. R. Cripwell (1978), Willam & Collins Sons Company L. t. d., Great Britain.
Hawa the Bus Driver	-	R.S. Mabala (1988), Ben & Company, Dar-es-Salaam.
Kalulu the Hare	-	F. Worthington (1937), Longman, England.
Mabala the Farmer	-	R. S. Mabala (1988), Ben & Company, Dar-es-Salaam.
The Death Factory	-	B. Mapalala (1996), Heinemann Educational Publishers, Great Britain.
The Magic Garden	-	K.R. Cripwell (1977), Willium & Collins Sons Company L.t.d., Great Britain.
The Pearl	-	J. Steinbeck (1948), Willium Heinemann L. t. d.,Great Britain.

Questions.

- i. Write the title of the book.

- ii. Who is the main character of that book?

- iii. Write four (4) things you know about the main character you have mentioned above.

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- iv. With examples identify two (2) themes from the book you have chosen.

- v. With examples mention two (2) figures of speech used in the story book you have chosen.

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