Candidate's Examination Number	
SM7	

ZANZIBAR EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL FORM THREE ENTRANCE EXAMINATION

042 PHYSICS

TIME: 2:30 HOURS FRIDAY 5TH NOVEMBER, 2021 A.M

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. This paper consists of THREE (3) sections A, B and C.
- 2. Attempt ALL questions in section A and B, and any TWO (2) in section C. Question NINE (9) is COMPULSORY.
- 3. Write your examination number on each page.
- 4. Write your answers in the space provided.
- 5. Use blue or black pen in writing. The diagrams must be in a pencil.
- 6. Cellular phones and unauthorized materials are not allowed in the examination room.
- 7. Where necessary the following constants may be used. Density of water = 1000kg/m^3 (1g/cm^3), Pie, $\pi = 3$. 14, $g = 10 \text{m/s}^2$

FOR EXA	FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY							
QUESTION NUMBER	NUMBER MARKS							
1.								
2.								
3.								
4.								
5.								
6.								
7.								
8.								
9 a.								
9 b.								
10.								
11.								
TOTAL								

SECTION A: (30 Marks) Answer ALL questions in this section.

1.	Choos i.	se the correct answer and write its lette Matter is anything which has A. Direction and occupies space	er in the table below. B. Mass and occupies space					
		C. Magnitude and occupies space	D. Weight and occupies unit					
	ii.	The rate of doing work is						
		A. Energy B. Force	C. Power D. Impulse					
	iii.	_	rire should be Longer and thinner Shorter and thinner.					
	iv.	Which of the following is a derived un A. Kilogram B. Ampere	it? C. Kelvin D. Newton					
	V.	Force = mass x acceleration. This obey A. Newton's second law of motion C. Newton's third law of motion	B. Law of inertia D. Momentum change					
	vi.	A solid box weighing 120N has surface be exerted on the box is	e area of 0.5m ² . The pressure which o	can				
		A. 60 N/m ² B. 24 N/m ²	C. 600 N/m ² D. 240 N/m ²					
	vii.	A Vernier caliper is used to measure						
		A. Mass of a thin wire	B. Volume of a thin wire					
		C. Diameter of a thin wire	D. Length of a thin wire					
	viii.	In order to decrease the pressure in a bicycle tire, one normally A. Decrease the temperature of the tire B. Increase the friction of the tire C. Increase the density of the air in the tire D. Decrease the number of air molecules in the tire						
	ix.	Translucent is a medium which A. Allow some of the light to pass the B. Allow all the light to pass through C. Produces light by itself.	_					

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D. Do not allow all light to pass through it.

x. A force of 50N is used to lift a load of 100N. What is the mechanical advantage?

A. 50

B. 5000

C. 2

D. 0.5

ANSWERS

i	ii	iii	iv	٧	vi	vii	viii	ix	Х

2. Match the item in **LIST A** with a correct response in **LIST B** by writing its letters in the table below.

LIST A		LIST B
i. Apparent loss in weight	A.	A rigid body when in use turns about a fixed point
ii. Earth magnetic field	В.	Weight of an object measured in air
iii. Spring balance	C.	Heavy winds
iv. 10 N/kg	D.	Weight of an object measured in liquids
v. Apparent weight	E.	Upthrust
vi. North and south poles	F.	It gives useful information in the search for
vii. Least count		minerals
viii. The resistance of the	G.	Acceleration due to gravity
fluid to flow	Н.	Occurs when the observer takes measurements
ix. Parallax error		from the wrong position
x. Lever	I.	It is used to measure length of an object
	J.	Viscous force
	K.	The difference between the main scale division and vernier scale division
	L.	It is used to measure weight
	М.	Occurs when the observer takes measurements from the right position
	N.	Attracts each other

ANSWERS

i	ii	iii	iv	٧	vi	vii	viii	ix	Х

	i.	Simp	le pendulum moves and					
	ii.	In lic	quid act equally to all directions.					
	iii.	The deviation from the true reading is called as						
	iv.	The	rate of change of velocity is called					
	٧.	In th	e lever, the fulcrum is located between the effort and					
		the l	oad.					
	vi.	Merc	cury has an meniscus.					
	vii.	Band	lages and cotton wool are used to clean and cover					
	viii.	Liqui	d and are made up of particles that are in random motion.					
	ix.	The_	force causes the machine parts to tear and wear.					
	х.	The :	S.I unit of turning effect of a force is					
			SECTION B: (50 Marks)					
			Answer ALL questions in this section.					
1 .	a.	i.	State Archimedes' principle					
								
		ii.	Why does a stone sink in water?					
		ii.	Why does a stone sink in water?					
		ii.	Why does a stone sink in water?					
		ii.	Why does a stone sink in water?					

	b.		nass of an empty density bottle was 50g. When filled with the volume of of petrol its mass become 75g. Calculate the:
		i.	Density of petrol
			·
		ii.	Relative density of petrol
		•••	
5.	a.	i.	Differentiate between luminous and non-luminous objects.
		ii.	State the laws of reflection of light.

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	iii.	Write two (2) characteristics of an image formed in a plane mirror.
b.	Identi	ify the name of beam shown in the figures below
		i
		ii
_	Define	e the following terms
a.		
d.	i.	Joule
d.		
		b. Identi

poody of mass 8kg is pulled by a force of 40N along a smooth floorough a distance of 80m for 4 seconds. Find The work done by a force Power		
Power	rough a	a distance of 80m for 4 seconds. Find
Power	_	
Power	_	
	Pc	ower

7.

With	examples, distinguish between elastic and inelastic collision.
	olley A of mass 3kg is travelling at 12m/s. It collides with a stationary trolled
B of	mass 4kg. After the collision, the two continue travelling together at 6m/s
i.	Calculate the momentum of trolley A before the collision.
ii.	Calculate the momentum of trolley A after the collision.
iii.	Why is there a change in the momentum of trolley A?
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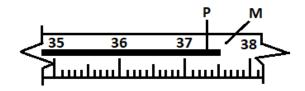
8.	a.	i.	What	is the meaning of First Aid	l kit?
		ii.	Comp	plete the table below by wr	iting uses of items found in First Aid kit.
			No.	Item	Uses
			i.	Antiseptic soap	
			ii.	Liniment	
			iii.	Scissors and razor blade	
			iv.	Petroleum jelly	

b. By using a chart, name all steps involved in a scientific investigation.

SECTION C: (20 Marks)

Answer ANY TWO (2) questions in this section. Question 9 is COMPULSORY, answer either 9a or 9b.

9. a. A student is suffering from Malaria and went to the hospital. The doctor used an instrument as shown in the figure below to measure the condition of her body by placing under her tongue and the measurement in °C was taken.



	i.	What is the physical	quantity that the	instrument measure?
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II.	What is	the name	of this	device?
	VVIIGC 13	uic ilaiic	01 0113	acvice.

:::	Name the part labeled by letter M	
H	Name the part labeled by letter M	

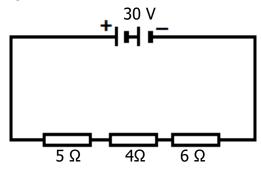
٧.	What is the reading in °C that shows the condition of Student?

9. b. In an experiment to verify Ohm's law the following results were obtained.

Potential difference, (V)	Current, (I)
1.0	0.50
1.5	0.75
2.0	1.00
2.5	1.20
3.0	1.50
3.5	2.00

		i.	Plot the graph of the potential difference (V) against current (I) (on the graph paper).
		ii.	From the graph determine the slope, s.
		iii.	What is the physical significance of the slope, s?
		iv.	Write the S.I unit of the slope in 9 (b) ii above.
10.	a.	i.	List two (2) ways in which resistors can be connected.
		ii.	With two (2) examples, give the meaning of conductor and insulator.

b. Consider the figure below.



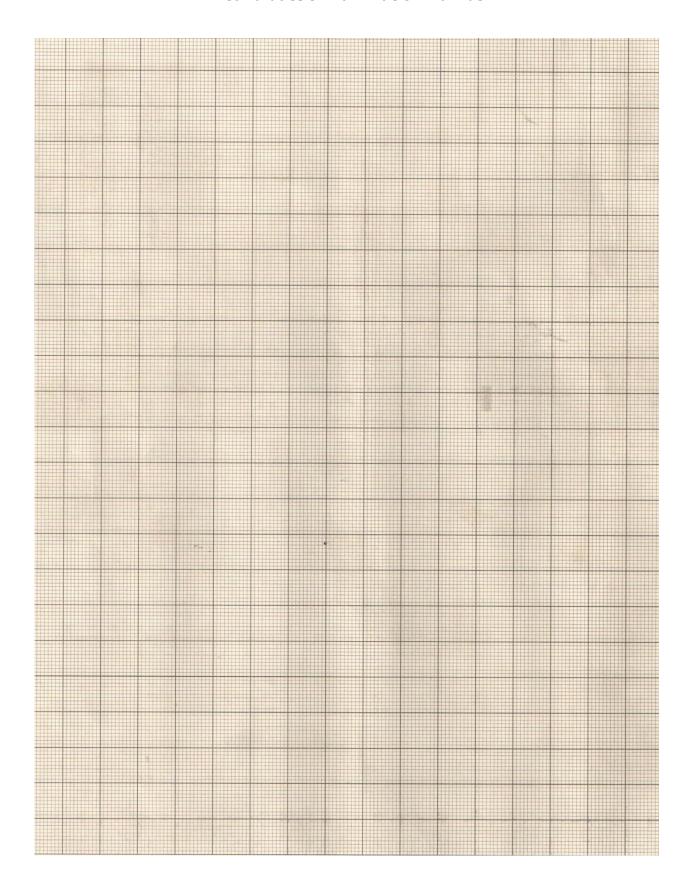
Calculate: -

		he curre	ent flowir	ng throu	igh the	circuit
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ii. Potential difference (p.d) across 5 Ω , 4 Ω and 6 Ω resistors.

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11.	a.	Define inertia.
	b.	i. Why a passenger siting in a moving bus tend to fall forward when the bus suddenly stops?
		ii. List two (2) conditions for a body to be stable.
	C.	A train of mass 22,400kg moving at the rate of 112km/hr is brought to rest in 24 seconds by the action of the brakes. Calculate the braking force applied.

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ROUGH WORK