

**THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF TANZANIA
ADVANCED CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION
EXAMINATION**

142/2

ADVANCED MATHEMATICS 2
(For Both School and Private Candidates)

Time: 3 Hours

Thursday, 05th May 2016 a.m.

Instructions

1. This paper consists of **eight (8)** questions in sections A and B.
2. Answer **all** questions in section A and **two (2)** questions from section B.
3. All work done in answering each question must be shown clearly.
4. Mathematical tables and non-programmable calculators may be used.
5. Cellular phones are **not** allowed in the examination room.
6. Write your **Examination Number** on every page of your answer booklet(s).



SECTION A (60 Marks)

Answer **all** questions in this section.

1. (a) (i) Use the De Moivre's theorem to find the value of $(1+i)^8$.
 (ii) Use the mathematical induction to prove that $(r(\cos\theta + i\sin\theta))^n = r^n(\cos n\theta + i\sin n\theta)$.
 - (b) (i) If $\arg\left(\frac{z-1}{z+i}\right) = \frac{\pi}{4}$ and $z = x+iy$, find the locus of the point representing z in an argand diagram.
 (ii) Solve the following system of equations where z and w are complex numbers.

$$\begin{cases} iz - w = 2i \\ iz + iw = i \end{cases}$$
 - (c) One of the roots of the equation $z^4 - 6z^3 + 23z^2 - 34z + 26 = 0$ is $1+i$. Find the other roots. (15 marks)
2. (a) (i) Draw the simplified electrical circuit for the argument:
 $[p \wedge (p \vee q)] \vee [q \wedge \neg(p \wedge q)]$
 (ii) Use the truth table values only to show whether or not $p \leftrightarrow \neg q$ and $\neg(p \wedge q)$ are logically equivalent.
 - (b) (i) Use the truth table to test the validity of the following argument: If I am intelligent, then I will pass this examination. I am intelligent. Therefore I will pass this examination.
 (ii) Write the converse, inverse and contrapositive of the statement 'If Mathematics is interesting then Biology is boring and tough'. (15 marks)
3. (a) If the position vector \vec{OA} , \vec{OB} and \vec{OC} are defined by $\vec{OA} = 2\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$,
 $\vec{OB} = 3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} - 4\mathbf{k}$ and $\vec{OC} = -\mathbf{i} + 3\mathbf{j} - 2\mathbf{k}$:
 (i) Determine the cross product $\vec{AB} \times \vec{BC}$.
 (ii) Find the exact value of the angle between \vec{AB} and \vec{BC} .
 - (b) If $\underline{a} = 3\mathbf{i} + 2\mathbf{j} + 9\mathbf{k}$ and $\underline{b} = \mathbf{i} + \lambda\mathbf{j} + 3\mathbf{k}$. Find
 (i) The value of λ so that $\underline{a} + \underline{b}$ is perpendicular to $\underline{a} - \underline{b}$.
 (ii) The projection of \underline{a} onto \underline{b} and leave the answer in surd form.
 - (c) Derive the cosine's rule using the vectors \underline{u} and \underline{v} . (15 marks)
4. (a) (i) Find the value of a if the 17th and 18th terms of the expansion $(2+a)^{60}$ are equal.

- (ii) The roots of the equation $x^3 + px^2 + qx + 30 = 0$ are in the ratio 2:3:5. Find the value of p and q .
- (b) (i) State the principle of Mathematical Induction as it is used in mathematics.
- (ii) Use the principle of mathematical induction to prove that $\sum_{r=1}^n 3r - 1 = \frac{n}{2}(3n + 1)$
- (15 marks)**

SECTION B (40 Marks)

Answer any **two (2)** questions from this section. Extra questions will not be marked.

5. (a) (i) Solve the equation $\tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x-1}{x+2}\right) + \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{x+1}{x+2}\right) = \frac{\pi}{4}$ and leave the answer in surd form.
- (ii) Prove the identity $\frac{1 + \sin x}{1 - \sin x} \equiv (\tan x + \sec x)^2$.
- (b) If $2\sin \theta + \cos \theta = 1$, use t-formula to find the value of θ in the interval $0^\circ \leq \theta \leq 180^\circ$.
- (c) (i) Show that $\frac{\cos \theta + \cos 2\theta + \cos 3\theta + \cos 4\theta}{\sin \theta + \sin 2\theta + \sin 3\theta + \sin 4\theta} = \cot\left(\frac{5\theta}{2}\right)$.
- (ii) Verify that $\frac{\sin(A+B+C) + \sin(A-B-C)}{\cos(A+B+C) - \cos(A-B-C)} = \frac{\tan B \tan C - 1}{\tan B + \tan C}$.
- (d) Express $3\sin \theta - 4\cos \theta$ in the form $R\sin(\theta - \alpha)$ giving values of R and α . **(20 marks)**
6. (a) The probability that a keyboard picked at random from the assembly line in a factory will be defective is 0.01. If a sample of three is to be selected:
- (i) Construct the probability distribution of the defective keyboards.
- (ii) Find the mean and standard deviation (Give your answers correct to 2 decimal places).
- (b) The bag R contains 5 red and 3 green balls and bag P contains 3 red and 5 green balls. If one ball is drawn from bag R and two from bag P, find the probability that out of three balls drawn two are red and one is green.
- (c) The random variable X has a probability distribution $P(x)$ of the following form, where k is a certain number.
- $$P(X) = \begin{cases} k & \text{if } x = 0 \\ 2k & \text{if } x = 1 \\ 3k & \text{if } x = 2 \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- (i) Determine the value of k .
- (ii) Find $P(x < 2)$, $P(x \leq 2)$ and $P(x \geq 2)$.

- (d) (i) If X is a discrete random variable where $E(X)$ is the expected value of X , show that $E(Ax + b) = aE(x) + b$ where a and b are constants.
- (ii) The modern seeds of a certain crop have the probability of germinating 0.9. If six seeds are sown, what is the probability of at most 5 seeds are germinating? (20 marks)

7. (a) (i) If $x(1-y)\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y = 0$ and $y = 2$ when $x = e$, show that $x^2ye^{-x} = 2$.
- (ii) Solve the differential equation $(2x - y)\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x - y + 2$ given that $y = 1$ when $x = 2$.

- (b) Form a differential equation whose solution is the function $y = Ae^{2x} + Be^{-2x}$ where A and B are arbitrary constants.

- (c) A tank contains a solution of salt in water. Initially the tank contains 1000 litres of water with 10 kg of salt dissolved in it. The mixture is poured off at a rate of 20 litres per minute, and simultaneously pure water is added at a rate of 20 litres per minute. All the time the tank is stirred to keep the mixture uniform.

- (i) Find the mass of the salt in the tank after 5 minutes.
- (ii) How long the mass of the salt in the tank falls to 5kg?

- (d) Find the general solution of the differential equation $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} - 4\frac{dy}{dx} + 3y = 10e^{-2x}$.

(20 marks)

8. (a) (i) If $9y^2 - 54y - 25x^2 + 200x - 544 = 0$ is the hyperbola equation; find the center, the vertices, the foci and the equation of the asymptotes.

- (ii) Convert $x^2 + y^2 = 4x$ into polar equation.

- (iii) Convert $(1, -1)$ into polar coordinates.

- (b) Find the equation of the tangent and normal at $P(a\cos\alpha, b\sin\alpha)$ to the ellipse $b^2x^2 + a^2y^2 = a^2b^2$.

- (c) (i) Define a conic section.

- (ii) A man running a race-course notes that the sum of the distances from the two flag posts to him is always 10 meters. If the distance between the flag posts is 8 meters, find the equation of the path traced by the man.

- (d) Sketch the graph of $r = 2(1 + \sin t)$.

(20 marks)