

**THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA  
NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF TANZANIA  
ADVANCED CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION  
EXAMINATION**

**142/1**

**ADVANCED MATHEMATICS 1  
(For Both Private and School Candidates)**

**Time: 3 Hours**

**Year: 2022**

**Instructions**

1. This paper consists of **ten (10)** questions.
2. Answer **all** questions.
3. Each question carries **ten (10)** marks.
4. All necessary working and answers of each question done must be shown clearly.
5. NECTA's mathematical tables and non-programmable calculators may be used.
6. Cellular phones and any unauthorized materials are **not** allowed in the examination room.
7. Write your **Examination Number** on every page of your answer booklet(s).



1. (a) By using a non-programmable calculator, find the value of the expression  $\frac{\sqrt{\pi^{\cos 60^\circ}}}{3.14} \times \frac{(e^{2.15} + \tan^{-1}(\ln 0.25))}{\sqrt{\pi^{n\pi}}}$  correct to 3 decimal places.

- (b) If  $h=3$ ,  $p=500$ ,  $g=10$  and  $m=0.25$ , use a non-programmable calculator to find the value of  $T = \sqrt{\frac{2hp}{g(p-mg)^{\frac{1}{3}}}}$  correctly to nine significant figures.

- (c) By using the statistical functions of a non-programmable calculator and the following frequency distribution table, find the mean, variance and standard deviation correctly to three decimal places.

Values	250	230	210	190	170	150	130	110	90	70	50	30
Frequency	4	11	5	6	21	40	26	4	8	35	28	12

2. (a) If  $2 \cosh 2x + 10 \sinh 2x = 5$ , obtain the value of  $x$  in logarithmic form.

- (b) If  $\theta = \ln(\tan \phi)$ , show that  $\tanh \theta = -\cos 2\phi$ .

- (c) By using the integration by parts technique, evaluate the integral  $\int_0^1 x \sin 2x dx$  correct to 7 decimal places.

3. (a) Mr. Safari wants 10, 12 and 12 units of chemicals A, B and C respectively for his garden. A liquid product contains 5 units of A, 2 units of B and 1 unit of C per jar and each jar is sold at 3,000/=. On the other hand a dry product contains 1 unit of A, 2 units of B and 4 units of C per carton and each carton is sold at 2,000/=. If  $x$  and  $y$  are the number of jars of liquid products and cartons of dry products respectively, formulate a linear programming problem to minimize the cost.

- (b) A cement dealer has two depots;  $D_1$  and  $D_2$  holding 180 tons and 250 tons of cement respectively. The customers  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  have ordered 200 and 150 tons respectively. The transport cost per ton from each depot to each customer are as shown in the following table:

From	Customer	
	$C_1$	$C_2$
Depot $D_1$	1,000/=	1,500/=
Depot $D_2$	2,000/=	1,800/=

- (i) How many tons of cement should be delivered to each customer in order to minimize the transport cost?
- (ii) After meeting the orders, how many tons of cement will remain at  $D_2$ ?



4. The masses of a sample of new potatoes were measured to the nearest gram and are summarized in the following table:

Mass (g)	10 - 19	20 - 29	30 - 39	40 - 49	50 - 59	60 - 69	70 - 79	80 - 89	90 - 99
Frequency	2	14	21	73	42	13	9	4	2

Determine the following measures of dispersion correct to three decimal places:

- first and third quartiles.
  - semi-interquartile range.
  - seventh decile.
  - 80<sup>th</sup> percentile.
  - variance and standard deviation.
5. (a) If sets A and B are defined by  $A = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : -1 \leq x \leq 2\}$  and  $B = \{x \in \mathbb{R} : 2 \leq x < 5\}$ , find  $A - B$  in the same set notation.
- (b) Use laws of algebra of sets to simplify  $[(A - B) \cup (A \cap B)] - [A \cup (A \cap B)]$ .
- (c) In a class of 17 girls and 15 boys, 22 play handball, 16 play basketball, 12 of the boys play handball, 11 of the boys play basketball, 10 of the boys play both basketball and handball, 3 of the girls play neither of the two games. Use Venn diagram to determine;
- the number of girls who play both games and
  - the number of participants who play at least one game.
6. (a) Given that  $f(x) = 2^x$  and  $g(x) = \log_2 x$ ,
- find the domain and range of  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$ .
  - draw the graphs of  $f(x)$  and  $g(x)$  on the same axes. Comment on the resulting graphs.
- (b) Given that  $f(x) = \frac{2x - x^2}{x^2 - 2x - 3}$ ,
- write the values of  $x$  for which  $f(x) = 0$  and the values of  $x$  for which  $f(x) > 0$ .
  - show that  $f(x) \rightarrow -1$  as  $x \rightarrow \pm\infty$ .
  - sketch the graph of  $f(x)$ , showing particularly where the curve crosses the x-axis and how it approaches its asymptotes.

7. (a) Verify that  $x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0$  has a root in the range  $2 \leq x \leq 3$ .
- (b) By using the Secant method, perform four iterations to obtain an approximation for the root of the equation in 7 (a) correct to three decimal places.
- (c) (i) Using the Trapezoidal rule with 5 strips, obtain an approximation to  $\int_0^1 x^2 e^x dx$  correct to four significant figures.
- (ii) By using the integration by parts technique, evaluate the exact value of the definite integral  $\int_0^1 x^2 e^x dx$  correct to four significant figures.
- (iii) Use the results obtained in (c) (i) and (ii) to find an absolute error in the value of  $\int_0^1 x^2 e^x dx$ .
8. (a) If the perpendicular distance of point  $(1, k)$  to the line  $6x + 9 = 8y$  is 5.5, determine the possible value of  $k$ .
- (b) The curves  $y = 2x^2 - 3$  and  $y = x^2 - 5x + 3$  intersect at points U and W, of which W is in the fourth quadrant. Find the tangent of the acute angle between these curves at W.
- (c) Find the equation of a circle which passes through points  $A(0, 1)$ ,  $B(4, 3)$  and  $C(1, -1)$ . (Write your answer in the form  $x^2 + y^2 + 2gx + 2fy + c = 0$ ).
9. (a) If  $I_m = \int \sin^m x dx$ , show that  $I_m = \frac{1}{m}(-\cos x \sin^{m-1} x + (m-1)I_{m-2})$ , hence find  $\int \sin^3 x dx$ .
- (b) Evaluate  $\int_0^1 \frac{1}{(x+1)(x^2+2x+2)} dx$  correct to three decimal places.
10. (a) Differentiate  $y = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{1-x^2}{1+x^2}\right)$  with respect to  $x$ .
- (b) (i) Use Maclaurin's theorem to find the series expansion of  $\ln(1+x)$  up to the term containing  $x^4$ .
- (ii) By using the results obtained in (b) (i), compute  $\ln(1.02)$  to four decimal places.
- (c) If  $f(x, y) = \sin xy$ , find  $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y}$ .