THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL ADVANCED CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION

134/2 AGRICULTURE 2

(For Both School and Private Candidates)

Time: 3 Hours Year: 2008

Instructions

- 1. This paper consists of sections ten (10) questions in sections A and B.
- 2. Answer five (5) questions choosing at least two (2) questions from each section.
- 3. Each question carries twenty (20) marks.
- 4. Cellular phones are **not** allowed in the examination room.
- 5. Write your **Examination Number** on every page of your answer booklet(s).



SECTION A

CROP SCIENCE AND PRODUCTION

Answer at least two (2) questions from this section.

1. (a) Define the following terms as applied in crop protection:

| | (i) Integrated pest management (IPM) |
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| | (ii) Secondary pests |
| | (iii) Host range |
| | (iv) Vector |
| | (b) Identify three insect pests of maize and describe the type of damage each causes. |
| | (c) State and explain three limitations of IPM in smallholder farming. |
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| 2. | (a) Describe briefly the following plant breeding methods: |
| | (i) Pure line selection |
| | (ii) Backcrossing |
| | (iii) Recurrent selection |
| | (iv) Tissue culture |
| | (b) List three objectives of hybridization in crops. |
| | (c) Explain two limitations of using tissue culture in breeding. |
| 3. | (a) Assess the effectiveness of crop sanitation and rogueing in controlling plant diseases. |
| | (b) For each of the following plant diseases, describe causative agent, symptoms, and control: |
| | (i) Banana wilt |
| | (ii) Tomato late blight |
| | (iii) Bean anthracnose |
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- 4. (a) Define:(i) Annual weeds(ii) Biennial weeds(iii) Perennial weeds
 - (b) Explain:
 - (i) Preventive methods of weed control
 - (ii) Five disadvantages of chemical weed control
 - (c) Outline four effects of weeds on crop production.
- 5. (a) Explain two major groups of non-parasitic plant diseases with examples.
 - (b) Outline:
 - (i) Three viral diseases of vegetables
 - (ii) Four bacterial diseases of fruits
 - (iii) Four micronutrient deficiencies in crops and their visible symptoms
 - (c) Describe the nature, symptoms, and control of bacterial blight in cotton.

SECTION B LIVESTOCK SCIENCE AND PRODUCTION

Answer at least **two (2)** questions from this section.

- 6. (a) Distinguish between zero grazing and semi-zero grazing systems.
 - (b) Explain six advantages of zero grazing system.
 - (c) Mention four constraints associated with zero grazing in rural areas.
- 7. (a) Discuss four harmful effects of ectoparasites on farm animals.
 - (b) Identify four external parasites of poultry and explain how they can be controlled.

| | (ii) Suggest four methods of controlling ticks on farms. |
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| 8. | (a) Define: |
| | (i) Metabolism |
| | (ii) Basal metabolism |
| | (iii) Vitamins |
| | (iv) Minerals |
| | (b) Mention four functions of Vitamin A in farm animals. |
| | (c) State four deficiency symptoms of Vitamin A in cattle. |
| | (d) Discuss four functions of fats in livestock nutrition. |
| 9. | (a) Briefly describe the role of the following organs in the reproductive system of a bull: |
| | (i) Testes |
| | (ii) Epididymis |
| | (iii) Seminal vesicles |
| | (iv) Penis |
| | (b) Explain the process of spermatogenesis. |
| | (c) Outline four signs of infertility in bulls. |
| 10. | (a) Identify five characteristics of good silage. |
| | (b) Mention five factors influencing the quality of silage. |
| | (c) Explain three methods of hay conservation. |
| | (d) State four advantages of silage over hay. |
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(c) (i) Explain four economic losses caused by ticks in cattle.