

**THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF TANZANIA
ADVANCED CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION
EXAMINATION**

133/3A

**BIOLOGY 3A
(ACTUAL PRACTICAL A)
(For Both School and Private Candidates)**

Time: 3:20 Hours

Year: 2023

Instructions

1. This paper consists of **three (3)** questions.
2. Answer **all** the questions.
3. Question one (1) carries **twenty (20)** marks and the other two (2), carry **fifteen (15)** marks each.
4. All writing must be in **blue** or **black** ink **except** diagrams which must be in pencil.
5. Cellular phones and any unauthorised materials are **not** allowed in the examination room.
6. Write your **Examination Number** on every page of your answer booklet(s).



1. You have been provided with specimen **B**. Dissect the specimen in a usual way to fully display the digestive system.
 - (a) Draw a large diagram of your dissection and label ten parts.
Leave your dissection properly displayed for assessment.
 - (b) Explain five adaptations of the digestive system to its role in specimen **B**.
 - (c)
 - (i) Identify two structures of digestive system which are more developed in specimen **B** than in human being.
 - (ii) What effects will specimen **B** face if the structures you mentioned at 1(c)(i) will fail to function normally?

2. You are provided with solution **Q**. Carry out the experiments in item (i) – (v), then answer the questions that follow:
 - (i) Take three test tubes and label them as test tube **A**, **B** and **C**.
 - (ii) Put 2 ml of the solution **Q** to each of the test tubes **A**, **B** and **C**.
 - (iii) Add 2 ¹ml of dilute hydrochloric acid to test tube **A** and warm the mixture. Then add 4 ml of Benedict's solution and observe the changes.
 - (iv) Add 2 ¹ml of dilute hydrochloric acid to test tube **B** and warm the mixture. Then add 3 ¹ml of sodium hydroxide solution followed by 4 ml of Benedict's solution and observe the changes.
 - (v) Warm the solution contained in test tube **C**, then add 2 ml of Benedict's solution and observe the changes.

Questions

- (a) Present your observations in experiments (iii) – (v) as shown in Table 1.

Table 1

Experiment	Observation
(iii)	
(iv)	
(v)	

- (b) Name the type of food substance contained in solution **Q**.
- (c) Why the experiments (iii) – (v) provided different results on Benedict's test? Give two reasons for each.
- (d) Briefly explain how the following factors affect enzyme activity in experiment (iv):
 - (i) Temperature
 - (ii) pH.

3. You have been provided with specimens **P₁**, **P₂**, **P₃**, **P₄** and **P₅**. Observe the specimens carefully then, answer the following questions:

(a) Why were specimens **P₁**, **P₂**, **P₃**, **P₄** and **P₅** formally placed in the same Phylum? Give two reasons.

(b) Use the following classification key to identify the specimens **P₁**, **P₂**, **P₃**, **P₄** and **P₅**:

- | | | |
|----|--|-------|
| 1a | Wings present..... | 2 |
| 1b | Wing absent..... | 3 |
| 2a | Outer wings are soft..... | _____ |
| 2b | Outer wings are harder | _____ |
| 3a | Have numerous similar limb | _____ |
| 3b | Similar limbs absent | 4 |
| 4a | The first appendage bear prehensile chelicerae | _____ |
| 4b | The first appendage serves as jaw..... | _____ |

(c) Identify the structures concerned with gaseous exchange in each of the specimens **P₁**, **P₂**, **P₃**, **P₄** and **P₅**.

(d) Outline two common adaptation features for the structures you named in 3(c).

(e) Draw a large, neat and well labeled diagram of specimen **P₁**.