THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF TANZANIA ADVANCED CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION

131/3A

PHYSICS 3A (PRACTICAL A)

(For Both School and Private Candidates)

Time: 3:20 Hours

Instructions

- 1. This paper consists of three (3) questions.
- 2. Answer all questions.
- 3. Question one (1) carries 20 marks and the other two (2) carry 15 marks each.
- 4. Mathematical tables and non-programmable calculators may be used.
- 5. All writing must be in blue or black ink except drawing which must be in pencil.
- 6. Cellular phones and any unauthorised materials are **not** allowed in the examination room.
- 7. Write your **Examination Number** on every page of your answer booklet(s).

The following information may be useful:

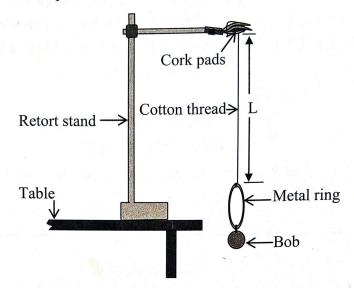
Specific heat capacity of water $C_w = 4.2 \text{ J/gK}$.

Pie, $\pi = 3.14$.



Year: 2023

- 1. You are required to perform an experiment according to the following instructions:
 - (a) Tie up the given metal ring and suspend it from the retort stand, then tie a pendulum bob at the lower position of the ring as shown in the following Figure:



- (b) Starting with length L = 30 cm, displace the bob slightly sideway and then release it in such a way that it oscillates in a horizontal plane. Determine the time, t for 20 complete oscillations and the periodic time, T.
- (c) Repeat the procedures in 1 (a) and (b) for L = 40 cm, 50 cm, 60 cm and 70 cm in each experiment and record the value of t and T.

Questions

- (i) Tabulate the results of L, t, T and T^2 .
- (ii) Plot a graph of L (cm) against T² (s²).
- (iii) From the graph, read and record the value of L at $T^2 = 0$.
- (iv) What is the significance of the value obtained in 1 (iii)?
- (v) What is the aim of doing this experiment?
- 2. You are provided with a beam balance, thermometer, calorimeter with its lid and stirrer and hot liquid labelled **B**.

Proceed as follows:

- (a) Weigh an empty calorimeter with its lid and stirrer and record its mass as M_1 .
- (b) Fill the calorimeter to about two-thirds full with a liquid **B** that has been heated to a temperature of about 85°C.

- (c) While stirring, insert the thermometer and start the stopwatch. Read and record the temperature after every 2 minutes interval as liquid cools under forced condition to a temperature of about 55°C.
- (d) After cooling the liquid **B** to about 55°C, remove the thermometer and weigh the calorimeter with its content and record its mass as M.
- (e) Find the mass of liquid **B** and record it as M_2 .

Questions

- (i) Tabulate the results of time (seconds) and the temperature (°C).
- (ii) Plot a cooling curve for liquid **B**.
- (iii) Draw the tangent at the temperature of 70 °C and obtain the rate of cooling of the liquid **B**.
- (iv) Use the equation $(M_2C_B + 400M_1)\frac{d\theta}{dt} = 10.096 \text{ Js}^{-1}$ and the value obtained in 2 (iii) to calculate the specific heat capacity of liquid **B** (C_B).
- 3. You are provided with a battery E, a key K, ammeter A, voltmeter V, resistance box S, unknown resistor R and pieces of connecting wires.

Proceed as follows:

- (a) Connect the given components in series except the voltmeter which should be connected in parallel with the unknown resistor.
- (b) Set the resistance of 10Ω in a resistance box. Close the key and record the readings of the ammeter and voltmeter.
- (c) Repeat the procedures in 3 (b) each time by setting the resistance to 15 Ω , 20 Ω , 25 Ω and 30 Ω .

Questions

- (i) Draw a circuit diagram for the connection.
- (ii) Tabulate the results obtained in 3 (b) and (c).
- (iii) Plot a graph of voltage (V) against current (I).
- (iv) Compute the value of unknown resistance.