

THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF TANZANIA
ADVANCED CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION
EXAMINATION

131/3C

PHYSICS 3C

(ACTUAL PRACTICAL C)

(For Both School and Private candidates)

Time: 3:20 Hours

Year: 2023

Instructions

1. This paper consists of **three (3)** questions.
2. Answer **all** questions.
3. Question **one (1)** carries **20** marks, and the other **two (2)**, carry **15** marks each.
4. Mathematical tables and non-programmable calculators may be used.
5. All writing must be in **blue** or **black** ink **except** drawing which must be in pencil
6. Cellular phones and any unauthorized materials are **not** allowed in the examination room.
7. Write your **Examination Number** on every page of your answer booklet (s).

The following information may be useful:

Specific heat capacity of Water $C_w = 4.2J / gK$

Pie, $\pi = 3.14$.



1. You are provided with a half metre rule, metre rule, two retort stands and two pieces of threads.

Proceed as follows:

- (a) Set up the apparatus as shown in the following figure 1 with the length of threads $L = 60\text{cm}$. The flat side of the ruler with a scale must be horizontal.

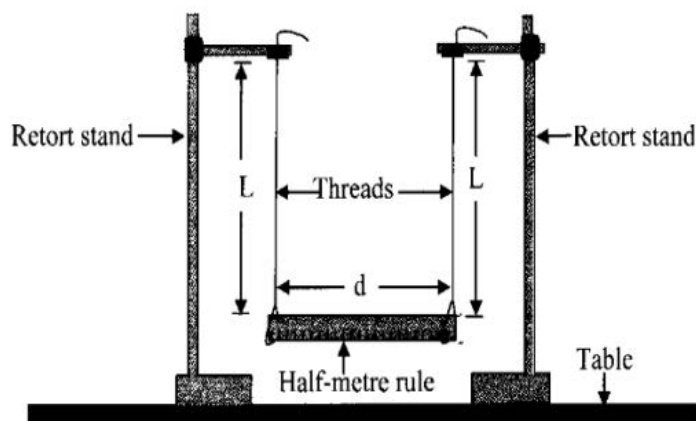


Figure 1

- (b) Set the threads very near to the ends; such that, distance d is 50 cm. Displace the ends of the ruler through a small angle along the horizontal plane so that it swings. Determine the time, t for 20 complete oscillations and the corresponding periodic time, T . Also to record the distance d between the threads.
- (c) Without removing the retort stands, adjust the threads 5cm from each end to make the distance $d = 40\text{cm}$, then repeat the procedure in 1 (b). Continue moving the threads from each end by 5cm to obtain a total of five readings.

Questions

(i) Tabulate the values of $d(s)$, $t(s)$, $T(s)$ and $\frac{1}{d}(m^{-1})$

(ii) Plot a graph of $T(s)$ against $\frac{1}{d}(m^{-1})$

(iii) Use the graph in 1 (ii) and the equation $d = \frac{0.31\pi}{T} \sqrt{\frac{L^3}{g}} + \text{constant}$,

determine the value of acceleration due to gravity, g .

2. You are provided with the following apparatus: Copper calorimeter, kerosene lamp/ bunsen burner, a metal foil, thermometer, hot water, stopwatch, stirrer, lid, a container with 250 ml of hot water of about 85°C and a wooden base. Proceed as follows:

(a) Carefully blacken the outer surface of the calorimeter using soot from a kerosene lamp/Bunsen Burner and set up the given apparatus as required.

(b) Fill to about $\frac{2}{3}$ of the blackened calorimeter with hot water whose initial temperature is 85°C .

(c) Stir constantly the hot water in the calorimeter then read and record the temperature t of water at one minute intervals until it has fallen to about 75°C .

(d) Empty the water in the calorimeter and cover the outer surface of the calorimeter with the metal foil provided and repeat the procedures in 2 (b) to (c).

Questions

- (i) Draw the set-up of your experiment.
 - (ii) Tabulate the results obtained in 2 (c) and (d).
 - (iii) Plot the cooling curves for both the blackened calorimeter with its contents and the calorimeter covered with the metal foil together with its contents in the same axis.
 - (iv) From each of the curves plotted in 2 (iii), read the time taken by the hot water to cool from 80°C to 75°C .
 - (v) Compare the results obtained in 2 (iv). Give a reason for your answer.
3. Determine the e.m.f. and internal resistance of a cell using an ammeter, voltmeter, switch, dry cell, rheostat, masking tape and connecting wires. Follow the following procedures:
- (a) Connect the circuit using the given apparatuses. Close the switch and adjust the rheostat so that the cell supplies a current of 0.4A. Read the Voltmeter and record the value of voltage, V.
 - (b) Repeat the procedures in 3 (a) for the values of current, I equal to 0.6A, 0.8A, 1.2A, and 1.6A. Read and record the value of voltage, V in each case.

Questions

- (i) Draw a well labelled diagram of the circuit you connected.
- (ii) Record your results in a tabular form.
- (iii) Plot a graph of V (volts) against I (amperes).
- (iv) Formulate the equation governing this experiment.
- (v) Determine the internal resistance, r and the e.m.f, E of the cell.