THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION

033/2C

BIOLOGY 2C (ACTUAL PRACTICAL C)

(For Both School and Private Candidates)

Time: 2:30 Hours

Monday, 16th November 2015 a.m.

Instructions

- 1. This paper consists of two (2) questions. Answer all the questions.
- 2. Each question carries **25** marks.
- 3. Except for diagrams which must be drawn in pencil, all writings should be in blue or black ink.
- 4. Calculators and cellular phones are **not** allowed in the examination room.
- 5. Write your **Examination Number** on every page of your answer booklet(s).

- 1. You have been provided with specimens L, M and N.
 - (a) (i) Identify specimens L, M and N by their common name.
 - (ii) Which part of a plant are specimens L, M, and N?
 - (b) Observe specimen N carefully. Then;
 - (i) Name the structures which constitute the female and male parts of specimen N.
 - (ii) Explain how specimen N manages to attract insects for pollination.
 - (iii) Explain how fertilization process takes place in specimen N.
 - (c) Using a scalpel, remove all sepals and petals (including stamen tube) from specimen N. Then;
 - (i) Draw a well labeled diagram of the specimen.
 - (ii) Identify which part of the specimen receives the male gametes during pollination.
 - (iii) Identify which part of the specimen transfers the male gametes to the place where fertilization takes place.
 - 2. You have been provided with specimens **R**, **S** and **T**.
 - (a) Observe these specimens then;
 - (i) Identify specimens **R**, **S** and **T** by their common names.
 - (ii) Classify specimens S and T to phylum level.
 - (iii) Name the Class and state two distinctive features for each Class of specimens R, S and T.
 - (b) Study specimens **R**, **S** and **T** carefully then answer the following questions:
 - (i) State the habitat of specimens \mathbf{R} and \mathbf{S} .
 - (ii) State four adaptation features which indicates how specimen S is adapted to its habitat.
 - (iii) In what ways are specimens S and T considered "useful" and "harmful" to human being and his environment?