THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION

033/2A

BIOLOGY 2A

(ACTUAL PRACTICAL A)

(For Both School and Private Candidates)

Time: 2:30 Hours ANSWERS Year: 1990

Instructions

- 1. This paper consists of two questions.
- 2. Answer all questions.



1.You have substance(s)		ecimen A. Desi	gn and carry out an ex	periment to identify t	he food
Test for	Procedure		Observation	Inference	
			I		
Starch Add iodine solution to specimen A Blue-black coloration Starch is present Reducing sugar Add Benedict's solution, heat in water bath Brick-red precipitate forms Reducing sugar present Protein Add Biuret solution and shake Violet color appears Protein is present Lipid Mix with ethanol, shake, add water Milky-white emulsion forms Lipid is present					
_	cimens M and N careful		They-write emuision to	inis Lipid is presen	it
2. Study spec	and iv careful	ily.			
 (a)(i) Identify specimens M and N by giving their common names. M: Cassava N: Carrot (ii) What parts of the plant do specimens M and N represent? Give reasons. M is a root tuber and N is a taproot. Both are modified roots that store food, which gives them a swollen appearance. 					
(iii) Draw and label specimen M.(Diagram should include: skin, cortex, xylem, phloem, storage tissues)					
(b)(i) State one function common to both specimens M and N in nature other than storage of food. Anchoring the plant in the soil					
(ii) Suggest one food substance stored in specimen M. Starch					
(c) Perform a food test to verify your answer in (b)(ii).					
Test for Pr	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Observation	·		
Starch Add iodine to cassava extract Blue-black color forms Starch is present					
3. Study specimens O, P, Q, R, S, and T carefully.					
(a) What name is given to the group of plant parts to which specimens O, P, Q, and R belong? Fruits. They are mature ovaries formed after fertilization, each containing seeds and protective tissue.					
(b) Giving reasons, show which of O, P, Q, R is a:(i) Caryopsis – O (maize): seed coat fused with fruit wall					
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- (ii) Drupe P (mango): fleshy fruit with a hard stone-like seed
- (iii) Berry Q (tomato): fleshy throughout, multiple seeds
- (iv) Pod R (bean): dry fruit that splits along two seams
- (c)(i) Identify specimens S and T.

S: Tadpole

T: Frog

- (ii) What is the name of the process by which specimen S changes to T? Metamorphosis
- (iii) From which class of animals were specimens S and T taken? Class Amphibia
- 4. (a) Which distinguishing characteristics observable in specimens H and I are used to place them in their respective phyla?

Specimen H (millipede): Segmented body, paired legs per segment – Phylum Arthropoda Specimen I (earthworm): Segmented body with setae, no jointed limbs – Phylum Annelida

- (b) Name the phyla and classes to which specimens H and I belong.
- H: Phylum Arthropoda, Class Diplopoda
- I: Phylum Annelida, Class Oligochaeta
- (c) Draw and label specimens H and I.

