## THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION

032/2A

## CHEMISTRY 2A ALTERNATIVE A PRACTICAL

(For Both School and Private Candidates)

Time: 2 Hours 30 Minutes

Wednesday November 10, 2004 a.m.

## Instructions

- 1. This paper consists of three (3) questions.
- 2. Answer two (2) questions including question number 1.
- 3. Qualitative analysis guidance pamphlets may be used after a thorough check by the supervisor.
- 4. Electronic calculators are not allowed in the examination room.
- 5. Cellular phones are not allowed in the examination room.
- 6. Write your Examination Number on every page of your answer booklet(s).
- 7. The following atomic masses may be used H = 1, O = 16.

This paper consists of 3 printed pages.

<ol> <li>Solution AA prepared by diluting 100 cm³ of 1M hydrodistilled water.</li> <li>Solution BB is sodium hydroxide solution.</li> <li>Phenolphthalein indicator.</li> <li>Procedure.</li> <li>Pipette 20 cm³ (or 25 cm³) of solution BB into a titration flask Titrate solution BB against solution AA from the burette until Note the burette reading. Repeat the procedure to obtain three results as shown below.</li> </ol>	s. Add two drop a colour chang e more readings	ps of POP indicate is observed.
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(a) Table of results. It will be used your arridating some		
(i) Burette readings.		
Titration number Pilot 1	2	3
Final reading (cm <sup>3</sup> )	was ones constrained	udulio0
Initial reading (cm <sup>3</sup> )	thereover 3 years	6. Write v
Volume used (cm <sup>3</sup> )	nt demaks usu vio	for an Ferri
(ii) The volume of pipette used was cm <sup>3</sup> .		
(iii) The colour change at the end point was from	to	•
(vi) cm³ of solution AA were required solution BB.	d to neutralize _	cm <sup>3</sup>
(b) Write a balanced chemical equation for the neutralization hydrochloric acid.	on of the metal	hydroxide by
(c) Calculate the:		
(i) Morality of solution AA.		
(ii) Concentration in moles/dm³ of solution BB.		
(iii) Concentration in g/dm <sup>3</sup> of solution BB.		(25 mark
Sample M is a simple salt containing one cation and one anio described below. Record carefully your observations and apidentify the anion and cation present in the sample.	on. Carry out the opropriate infere	e experiments ences and hence
Experiment	Observa	tion Inference
(a) Appearance of sample M		
(b) Heat a little M in a dry test-tube		
(c) To a little M in a test tube add dilute HCl (d) To a little M in a test tube add distilled water and stir it	100	

(f) To the salt solution of M add MgSO<sub>4</sub> solution
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(e) To the salt solution of sample M add KOH solution and

warm it

molecular formula of sal	t M is	. (25
		affiliation in the second
nple E is a simple salt con	taining one cation and one anion texperiments on sample E. Mal	n. Using systematic qual
erences to identify the cati	ion and the anion present in samp	ple E. Record your expe
ervations and inferences i	in a table as shown below.	
W.	Instructions .	
Experiment	Observation	Inference
4.4		
Charles the line let	and the latting question discussed	
	Monat vacables i may be used a	
supersisse.		
Placetonic Instantance	section (Property that is a property	
	and were that you can be state accomplished	
Collaboration and the	Mary has summer in	
Write lease 1 - washing	las de la lacteria d	
The fallowing consists	asses may be used \$P* 1, 0*	