

**THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA**  
**NATIONAL EXAMINATION COUNCIL**  
**CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION**

**011**

**CIVICS**

(For Private Candidates)

**Time: 2:30 Hours**

**26<sup>th</sup> November 2003 a.m**

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**Instructions**

1. This paper consists of sections A, B and C.
2. Answer **all** questions in sections A and B and **three (3)** questions from section C.
3. Section A and B carry 20 marks each and section C carries 60 marks.
4. Cellular phones are **not** allowed in the examination room.
5. Write your **Examination Number** on every page of your answer booklet(s).

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## SECTION A.

Answer **all** questions in this section

1. For each of the items (i) - (x), choose the correct answer among the given alternatives and write its letter beside the item number.

(i) The national symbol in Tanzania that represents defence and protection is

- A. National Flag
- B. Elephant tusks
- C. Shield and Spear
- D. Sea waves
- E. Uhuru Torch

(ii) A type of marriage which involves one man marrying more than one wife is called

- A. Monogamy
- B. Polygamy
- C. Polyandry
- D. Civil marriage
- E. Christian marriage

(iii) The customary rules and practices that regulate human behaviour in a particular society are called

- A. Laws
- B. Customs
- C. Constitution
- D. Ethics
- E. Government

(iv) The organ responsible for making laws in Tanzania is called

- A. Judiciary
- B. Executive
- C. Parliament
- D. Cabinet
- E. Ward Council

(v) A political ideology which believes in equal ownership of major means of production is called

- A. Capitalism
- B. Democracy
- C. Socialism
- D. Dictatorship
- E. Imperialism

(vi) The process of moving people from rural to urban areas in search of better life opportunities is known as

- A. Rural development
- B. Immigration

- C. Urbanization
- D. Industrialization
- E. Migration

(vii) Which of the following is an importance of national festivals in Tanzania?

- A. Increase national debts
- B. Promote religious conflict
- C. Promote national unity
- D. Increase unemployment
- E. Promote illiteracy

(viii) The life skill that helps a person to evaluate facts before making a decision is called

- A. Creative thinking
- B. Critical thinking
- C. Decision-making
- D. Self-awareness
- E. Communication skills

(ix) A fair and just treatment of both men and women in all aspects of life is referred to as

- A. Gender roles
- B. Gender equity
- C. Gender blindness
- D. Gender oppression
- E. Gender imbalance

(x) The key reason for protecting human rights is to

- A. Restrict freedom
- B. Promote dictatorship
- C. Preserve individual dignity
- D. Create fear in society
- E. Limit social participation

2. Match the items in List A with the correct responses in List B by writing the letter of the corresponding response beside the item number.

#### LIST A

- (i) A type of government headed by elected president.
- (ii) A period when people of Tanzania commemorate the death of J.K. Nyerere.
- (iii) The symbol that signifies freedom and light.
- (iv) An election held to fill a vacant seat before the end of a parliamentary term.
- (v) The practice of treating someone unfairly based on gender.
- (vi) The organ responsible for interpreting laws.
- (vii) The government system where the people elect their leaders.
- (viii) The supreme law of the country.

- (ix) The act of bringing people together regardless of differences.
- (x) The main law-making body in Tanzania.

**LIST B**

- A. Republic
- B. Constitution
- C. Parliament
- D. Judiciary
- E. By-election
- F. Gender discrimination
- G. Unity
- H. Independence
- I. Uhuru Torch
- J. Nyerere Day
- K. Cabinet
- L. Government
- M. Council

**SECTION B (20 Marks)**

Answer all questions.

3. Read the following passage and then answer the questions that follow.

Work is very important in any society as it enables people to earn a living and meet their basic needs. Apart from providing income, work is a source of respect and dignity in society. It also helps in reducing dependency and promoting economic development. People who engage in productive activities such as farming, trading, teaching, and medical services not only support themselves but also contribute to national growth. However, some people despise manual jobs, which are equally important for the wellbeing of society.

Questions:

- (a) Suggest a suitable title for the passage.
- (b) Mention two reasons why work is important as explained in the passage.
- (c) Why do some people avoid manual jobs?
- (d) How does work reduce dependency?
- (e) List two examples of productive activities mentioned in the passage.

4. (a) Outline five functions of the government.  
(b) Explain five challenges facing rural development in Tanzania.

### **SECTION C (60 Marks)**

Answer three (3) questions from this section.

5. Explain six objectives of the United Nations Organization (UNO).
6. Analyze six effects of poor leadership to a country.
7. Identify and explain six ways of promoting human rights in Tanzania.
8. Elaborate six roles of a good citizen in a democratic country.
9. Explain six roles played by local government authorities in Tanzania.
10. Examine six sources of the Tanzanian constitution.