THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL CERTIFICATE OF SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION

013

GEOGRAPHY

(For Both School and Private Candidates)

TIME: 3 Hours Thursday, October 13, 2005 p.m.

Instructions

- 1. This paper consists of sections A, B, C and D.
- 2. Answer all questions in sections A, B and C and one (1) question from each part of section D.
- 3. Map extract of Tabora sheet 118/2 is provided.
- 4. Credit will be given for the use of relevant sketch maps and diagrams.
- 5. Electronic calculators are **not** allowed in the examination room.
- 6. Cellular phones are **not** allowed in the examination room.
- 7. Write your **Examination Number** on every page of your answer booklet(s)



SECTION A (25 marks)

PHYSICAL AND MATHEMATICAL GEOGRAPHY

(i)	The earth's shape is a flattened sphere which is called							
(-)	A ekman spiral	_		D galtax	E spherical.			
(ii)	occurs source of light.	when three hea	venly bodies are	in one line an	d one of them being	g the		
	A Solar system	B Equinox	C Eclipse	D Solstice	E Solar radiat	tion.		
(iii)	7:30 p.m. Tuesda the same speech?	y. At what time	and day will peo	ople in Dar Es S	v York (75°W 42°N Salaam (45°E 06°S)	hear		
	A 3:30 a.m. Wed D 3:30 p.m. Wed				:30 p.m. Wednesday	y		
(iv)	Peak 5,895 metres	s above sea level	?		emperature be at Ul	huru		
	A 32°C	В _8°С	C =24°C	D 18°C	E 0°C			
(v)	When two forces A lateral forces D compressional	В	orogenic forces	C ve	rtical forces			
(vi)	A delta which is f A marine	ound in a lake is B lacustrine	called C alluvial	_ delta. D arcute	E bird's foot			
(vii)	A natural outflow A oasis	of water from the B stream	ne surface rock is C artesian we		E aquifer.			
(viii)	When several rivers drain into a depression they form a drainage system calleddrainage.							
	A radial D centripetal		superimposed dendritic	C tre	llised			
(ix)	A soluble rock wi A granite	th jointed structo B grike	are resembling a C basalt	wall is called D limeston	e E clint.			
(x)	The Barysphere o A silica and magn		de up of					
	B silica and alum							
	C iron and nickel							
	D iron and zinc E iron and alumi	no						
	c. iron and allimi	na.						

2. Match the phrases in **List A** with the responses in **List B** by writing the letter of the correct response besides the item number.

List A List B (i) Natural embarkments built up by a stream along the edges A Bearing of its channel. B Delta It is the group of soils which occurs mostly in the moist C Alignment (ii) cool temperate climate. D Levees The direction of a place in degrees from another place. E Dolines (iii) A shallow depression in a karst region F Bore hole (iv) A detailed study on a small scale of weather elements G Micro climate (v) within a natural or man-made environment. H Macro climate Podzol I J Mable

3. State **three (3)** mechanisms developed by plants to adapt themselves to drought conditions.

SECTION B (27 marks)

STATISTICS, RESEARCH TECHNIQUES AND SIMPLE SURVEYING AND LEVELLING

- 4. (a) What is a line graph?
 - (b) List down the main types of line graphs.
 - (c) Construct a line graph to show the trend of coffee production in Tanzania from 1970 1974 as shown in the table below:

YEAR	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974
COFFEE					
PRODUCTION	2050	2600	1800	1950	3000
(000 TONS)					

- 5. (a) Define the term sampling as used in field research.
 - (b) Outline the main types of sampling as used in field research.
 - (c) What problems are likely to be encountered in field research?
- 6. (a) What is levelling?
 - (b) What would you do when preparing a chain survey?
 - (c) What would you do to overcome obstacles such as a pond in a chain survey?

SECTION C (28 marks)

MAP READING AND PHOTOGRAPHY INTERPRETATION

- 7. Study the map extract of Tabora sheet 118/2 and answer the following questions:
 - (a) List down physical and man-made features found in the following grid references:
 - (i) 885465
- (ii) 866475
- (iii) 815393

- (iv) 796430
- (v) 832430
- (b) Measure the distance of the railway line from grid reference 740447 to 833360.
- (c) List down the main factors that have influenced vegetation distribution in the area.
- (d) What are the main functions of Tabora town?
- (e) Giving examples, account for the main activities found in the area.
- 8. Study carefully the photograph provided and answer the following questions:
 - (a) Explain the traditional methods used for clearing the vegetation as seen in the photograph.
 - (b) State the type of vegetation found in the area.
 - (c) What are the impacts over the environment of this activity at the local and national level?
 - (d) Determine the weather condition at the time the photograph was taken.



SECTION D (20 Marks)

Answer **one** (1) question from each part.

PART 1

REGIONAL FOCAL STUDIES

- 9. Explain the factors that influence the exploitation of mineral resources.
- 10. (a) State the problems of beef cattle production in Tanzania.
 - (b) In what ways can beef production be improved?

PART II

ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES, POPULATION AND DEVELOPMENT

- 11. Explain environmental hazards.
- 12. (a) What are the aims of introducing family planning programmes?
 - (b) State the main problems facing family planning programmes.

