THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA NATIONAL EXAMINATION COUNCIL DIPLOMA IN SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION

733/1 BIOLOGY 1

Time: 3 Hour. Tuesday 04/05/2004 a.m

Instructions

- 1. This paper has Section A, B and C.
- 2. Answer all questions from Section A and two (2) questions from Section B and C each.
- 3. Section A and B carry 30 marks each and Section C carries 40 marks.
- 4. Mobile phones are not allowed inside the examination room.
- 5. Write your Examination Number on every page of your answer booklet.



SECTION A (30 Marks)

Answer all questions in this section.

- 1. State four methods of conserving biodiversity.
- 2. List four roles of enzymes in metabolism.
- 3. Give four structural differences between monocots and dicots.
- 4. Name four kinetic properties affecting diffusion rate.
- 5. List four sources of human exposure to pathogens.
- 6. State four steps in carbohydrate digestion.
- 7. Give four effects of deforestation on ecosystems.
- 8. List four types of connective tissue.
- 9. Mention four benefits of using ICT in Biology lessons.
- 10. State four criteria for choosing practical assessment methods.

SECTION B (30 Marks)

Answer two questions in this section.

- 11. Describe the nitrogen cycle and discuss its importance to agriculture.
- 12. Explain adaptations of aquatic plants.
- 13. Discuss the process and control of osmosis in plant/animal cells.
- 14. Describe structure and functions of the human heart.

SECTION C (30 Marks)

Answer two questions in this section.

- 15. After a viral outbreak, field sampling of water sources is canceled. As teacher, propose six alternative pedagogical activities to meet learning objectives.
- 16. Students record wrong units during enzyme rate practical. Provide six instructional steps to improve data accuracy and interpretation.
- 17. A trainee teacher reads from the lesson plan without engaging students. Offer six constructive feedback points to enhance interactivity and professional growth.
- 18. A lab lacks microscopes for a slide study. Suggest six improvisation techniques to achieve educational outcomes.