THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA NATIONAL EXAMINATION COUNCIL DIPLOMA IN TECHNICAL EDUCATION EXAMINATION

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BUILDING CONSTRUCTION

Time: 3 Hour. Tuesday, 14th May 2002 p.m.

Instructions

- 1. This paper consists of sections five (5) questions.
- 2. Answer all questions.
- 3. Each question carries twenty (20) marks.
- 4. Non-programmable calculators may be used.
- 5. Communication devices and any unauthorized materials are **not** allowed in the examination room
- 6. Write your Examination Number on every page of your answer booklet.



- 1. (a) Define the term "preliminary works" in building construction.
 - (b) (i) List three examples of preliminary works on a construction site.
 - (ii) State two reasons why preliminary works are necessary before commencing major construction.
 - (c) Describe three consequences of skipping preliminary works on a building project.
- 2. (a) Explain the purpose of supervision in construction.
 - (b) (i) Identify four key duties of a site supervisor.
 - (ii) State two benefits of proper supervision to project quality.
 - (c) Mention three consequences of inadequate supervision in building construction.
- 3. (a) What is concrete slump testing?
 - (b) (i) State three reasons for conducting a slump test on site.
 - (ii) List two factors that affect the slump value of fresh concrete.
 - (c) Describe three possible results of a slump test and their interpretations.
- 4. (a) Define the term "building codes."
 - (b) (i) Mention three key areas covered by building codes.
 - (ii) Give two advantages of complying with national building codes.
 - (c) Identify three challenges encountered in enforcing building codes in rural construction areas.
- 5. (a) What is temporary work in construction?
 - (b) (i) List four types of temporary works commonly used on construction sites.
 - (ii) State two safety measures necessary when erecting temporary structures.
 - (c) Explain three problems that may occur if temporary works are poorly constructed or neglected.