

**THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
NATIONAL EXAMINATION COUNCIL
DIPLOMA IN SECONDARY EDUCATION EXAMINATION**

711

DEVELOPMENT STUDIES

Time: 3 Hour.

Monday, 12th May 2008 a.m.

Instructions

1. This paper consists of sections **A** and **B**.
2. Answer all questions in section A and **four (4)** questions from section B.
3. Section A carries 40 marks and section B carries 60 marks.
4. Cellular phones are **not** allowed in the examination room
5. Write your **Examination Number** on every page of your answer booklet(s)

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SECTION A (40 Marks)

Answer all questions in this section. Each question carries 4 marks.

1. Define sustainable development and explain three (3) key pillars that support it.
2. Identify four (4) roles of the state in promoting economic justice and equitable development.
3. Explain four (4) reasons why population growth is a development concern for many African governments.
4. What is meant by the term “informal education”? Give four (4) contributions of informal education to community development.
5. Describe four (4) negative effects of poor planning and budgeting in local government authorities.
6. With examples, explain four (4) consequences of child labor on national development.
7. What is global interdependence? State four (4) ways in which it influences Tanzania’s development.
8. Outline four (4) ways through which the extractive sector (mining, oil, gas) can contribute positively to Tanzania’s economy.
9. Briefly explain four (4) democratic values that guide leadership and governance in Tanzania.
10. Describe four (4) forms of social injustice that hinder development in Tanzanian communities.

SECTION B (60 Marks)

Answer only four (4) questions from this section. Each question carries 15 marks.

11. Examine the ways in which Tanzania’s Vision 2025 reflects principles of sustainable development and inclusive growth.
12. Analyze the role of youth in peace-building and national development in post-conflict or politically sensitive regions.
13. “Dependency on foreign donors has slowed innovation and policy independence in Africa.” Discuss this statement using examples from Tanzania.

14. Evaluate the effectiveness of national strategies aimed at improving access to water and sanitation in Tanzania's rural areas.
15. Discuss how corruption undermines the delivery of public services and suggest five (5) practical measures to combat it.
16. With reference to Tanzania, assess how climate change disproportionately affects vulnerable populations and limits national development.
17. Explain the link between land tenure reform and improved food security in Tanzanian agriculture.
18. Assess the importance of financial literacy in building a stable and self-reliant society in developing countries.