# THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF TANZANIA DIPLOMA IN SECONDARY EDUCATTION EXAMINATION

## 761 EDUCATIONAL PSYCHOLOGY, GUIDANCE AND COUNSELLING

Time: 3 Hours Year: 2024

#### Instructions.

- 1. This paper consists of sections A and B with a total of **Fourteen (14)** questions.
- 2. Answer all questions from section A and four (4) questions from section B.
- 3. Section A carries forty (40) marks and section B Carries sixty (60) marks.
- 4. Cellular phones are **note** allowed in the examination room.
- 5. Write your **examination Number** on every page of your answer booklet(s).



#### **SECTION A (40 Marks)**

Answer **All** questions from this section. Each question carries **four (4)** marks.

- 1. Differentiate inductive learning from deductive learning.
- 2. Show the relationship between educational psychology and other branches of psychology.
- 3. Analyze the characteristics of a preoperational child.
- 4. Elaborate the processes involved in encoding information.
- 5. Explain four characteristics that can be used to identify children with learning disabilities.
- 6. Elaborate on the importance of sports and games for enhancing the physical development of the child.
- 7. (a) Name and briefly comment on the counselling skill ignored by the counsellor which cause rumors of the client's problem at the school
  - (b) Briefly comment on the other three principles that must be observed by the counsellor for effective counselling session.
- 8. Summarize the main ideas of transfer of learning theories.
- 9. Give four distinctive changes happening to boys and girls during the onset of adolescence.
- 10. Develop four teaching strategies which will be used in teaching students with learning disabilities.

### **SECTION B (60 Marks)**

Answer all questions from this question. Each question carries **fifteen (15)** marks.

- 11. Explain six qualities that a counsellor must possess to conduct an effective counselling service.
- 12. Elaborate on five psychosexual stages of personality development as proposed by Sigmund Freud. Also, show the consequences that a child is likely to face if conflicts remains unresolved in each stage.
- 13. Justify how classical and operant conditioning principles of generalization, discrimination and extinction serve the same purpose in teaching and learning processes.
- 14. Explain five strategies to be used to enhance meaningful learning among concrete operational students.