

**O33****SMZ****ZANZIBAR EXAMINATION COUNCIL****FORM THREE ENTRANCE EXAMINATION, 2004****CIVICS****Time: 2:30 Hours.****Instructions**

- 1. This paper consists of TWO sections A and B. Answer ALL questions from Section A and ANY THREE questions from section B.**
- 2. All answers must be written on the space provided under each question.**
- 3. Write your centre and index number as indicated on the top right corner of each page. on every page of your answer booklet(s).**
- 4. Candidate must circle the questions he/she has attempted in the table below.**

	<b>THIS PART FOR EXAMINER'S ONLY</b>	
<b>Question number</b>	<b>MARKS</b>	<b>SIGNATURE</b>
<b>1.</b>		
<b>2.</b>		
<b>3.</b>		
<b>4.</b>		
<b>5.</b>		
<b>6.</b>		
<b>7.</b>		
<b>8.</b>		
<b>TOTAL</b>		

**SECTION A**  
**Answer all questions in this section**

1. (a) Choose the most correct answer from the alternatives given and write its letter in the bracket.

i) Which organ of the government is responsible for interpreting laws? ( )

A: Executive

B: Legislature

C: Judiciary

D: Cabinet

ii) Which of the following best defines the term "accountability"? ( )

A: Ability to give public speeches

B: Being answerable for one's actions and decisions

C: Freedom to spend public funds as desired

D: Obedience to orders without question

iii) The right to vote and be voted for is known as ( )

A: Universal suffrage

B: Political campaign

C: Electoral system

D: Ballot secrecy

iv) The act of treating people unfairly because of their religion is called ( )

A: Tolerance

B: Discrimination

C: Corruption

D: Pluralism

v) Which of the following is a non-union matter in the United Republic of Tanzania? ( )

A: Defence

B: Foreign affairs

C: Education in Zanzibar

D: Immigration

(b) Match the items in LIST A with the correct responses from LIST B.

**LIST A**

A: Zanzibar Electoral Commission

B: Cabinet

C: Bill of Rights

D: Civic education

E: Patriotism

## LIST B

- i) Public awareness about rights and duties of citizens
- ii) Supreme law section that protects freedoms
- iii) Administers elections in Zanzibar
- iv) Team of ministers assisting the President
- v) Love and loyalty to one's country

2. Write TRUE if the statement is correct and FALSE if it is incorrect.

- i) The House of Representatives in Zanzibar is responsible for union legislation. ( )
- ii) Corruption undermines development and service delivery. ( )
- iii) All citizens in Tanzania are required to respect the constitution. ( )
- iv) The Revolutionary Government of Zanzibar handles both union and non-union matters. ( )
- v) Free and fair elections are a sign of democracy. ( )

3. Fill in the blank spaces with the correct answer.

- a) The policy of having more than one political party is called \_\_\_\_\_
- b) The supreme law of Zanzibar is the \_\_\_\_\_
- c) The leader of the Union Government is the \_\_\_\_\_
- d) The official flag of the United Republic of Tanzania contains three main colours: green, yellow, and \_\_\_\_\_
- e) The smallest administrative unit in Zanzibar is the \_\_\_\_\_

Complete the table:

Institution, Role

- i) Police Force, \_\_\_\_\_
- ii) Judiciary, \_\_\_\_\_
- iii) Parliament, \_\_\_\_\_
- iv) Local Government Authority, \_\_\_\_\_

4. Answer briefly:

- i) a) What is meant by democracy?  
b) Mention one advantage of democracy.
- ii) a) Give two examples of national symbols of Tanzania.  
b) State one importance of national symbols.
- iii) a) Mention two roles of civil society in Zanzibar.  
b) Give one example of a civil society group.

- iv) a) What is the role of the Zanzibar Electoral Commission?  
b) Mention one challenge it faces.

### **SECTION B**

**Answer any THREE (3) questions in this section**

5. Discuss five ways in which the Revolutionary Government of Zanzibar promotes social development in the islands.
6. Explain the importance of the rule of law in maintaining peace and stability in Zanzibar.
7. Describe six major causes of corruption and suggest measures to control them in Zanzibar.
8. Assess the contribution of Tanzania to regional and international organizations in promoting peace, development, and cooperation.