

CIVICS
Form Two National Examination
1999

Solutions from: Maktaba by TETEA

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1.

i	ii	iii	iv	v	Vi	Vii	Viii	ix	x
D	B	C	D	A	C	B	A	A	D

2.

i	ii	iii	iv	v	vi	Vii	viii	ix	x
F	N	J	C	L	G	A	E	B	I

3.

- i. False
- ii. True
- iii. False
- iv. True
- v. True
- vi. True
- vii. True.
- viii. False
- ix. True
- x. False

4.(i)OUR NATION

(ii)Is when we produce such crops in large quantities.

(iii)Aim of development is to be able to get enough food and more money for other needs.

(iv) Farmers can produce cash and food crops.

(v)-Fishing activities.

5.

- i. By-elections are elections which may be held to fill parliamentary or councilors seats which become vacant between general elections.

- ii. Sovereignty is the highest power which belongs to the people. National sovereign implement its decisions without being interfered with by any external forces from other nations. And social matters independently.
- iii. Political party is a group of people legally organized and registered for the purposes of forming a government.
- iv. Community is the people with common interests living in a particular area.
- v. Shadow ministers are members of the opposition, chosen by the Leader of the Opposition. Shadow ministers have the important responsibility of scrutinising - closely examining - the work of the government and individual ministers.
- vi. Civics is the social science dealing with the rights and duties of citizens.
- vii. Imperialism is the state policy, practice, or advocacy of extending power and dominion, especially by direct territorial acquisition or by gaining political and economic control of other territories and peoples.
- viii. Family is a social group of people who are closely related to each other. It consists of a father, a mother and children. Sometimes, a family may include relatives who are not blood related. A family is entitled to protection by society and the state because it is the foundation on which a society is built.
- ix. government is asystem or organizational machinery for organizing people. In other words, government is a group of people within a community who have power and authority to perform administrative functions.
- x. Nation can be defined as a large group or community of people living in a defined geographical area language under one government.