

SMZ

ZANZIBAR EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL
FORM THREE ENTRANCE EXAMINATION

032

HISTORY

TIME: 2.30 HOURS

THURSDAY 10TH NOVEMBER, 2016 P.M

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. This paper consists of **THREE (3)** sections A, B and C.
2. Answer **ALL** questions in section A and B. Answer any **FOUR (4)** questions in section C.
3. Write your examination number on each page.
4. Write all answers in the space provided.
5. Use a blue or black pen in writing. Diagrams must be drawn in pencil.
6. Cellular phones are not allowed in the examination room.

FOR EXAMINER'S USE ONLY		
QUESTION NUMBER	MARKS	SIGNATURE
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		
11.		
12.		
TOTAL		

This paper consists of 15 printed pages

SECTION A (30 Marks)

Answer ALL questions in this section.

1. Choose the most correct answer from the given alternatives and write its letter in the table below.

i. The earliest mode of production in human history was:

- A. Slavery
- B. Feudalism
- C. Communalism
- D. Capitalism

ii. Events on a timeline are arranged in:

- A. Alphabetical order
- B. Chronological order
- C. Random order
- D. Reverse order

iii. The year 1890 falls in the:

- A. 17th century
- B. 18th century
- C. 19th century
- D. 20th century

iv. A century consists of:

- A. 10 years
- B. 50 years
- C. 100 years
- D. 1,000 years

v. The primary role of a Moran in Maasai society was:

- A. Farming
- B. Defending the community
- C. Trading
- D. Cooking

vi. The slave trade in East Africa was replaced by:

- A. Barter trade
- B. Legitimate trade
- C. Long-distance trade
- D. Triangular trade

vii. History is the study of:

- A. Man's past activities and development

- B. Colonial systems
- C. Great leaders' actions
- D. Political events only

viii. The Middle Stone Age is also known as:

- A. Paleolithic Era
- B. Mesolithic Era
- C. Neolithic Era
- D. Iron Age

ix. Slaves in pre-colonial societies were mainly used for:

- A. Administrative roles
- B. Manual labor
- C. Military service
- D. Education

x. The Dutch settled at the Cape in 1652 to:

- A. Mine gold
- B. Provide supplies for ships
- C. Spread Christianity
- D. Establish schools

ANSWERS

i	ii	iii	iv	v	vi	vii	viii	ix	x

2. Match the years in COLUMN A with the correct events in COLUMN B by writing the letter of the correct answer in the table below.

COLUMN A	COLUMN B
i. 1698	a. Zanzibar Revolution
ii. 1807	b. Omani Arabs captured Fort Jesus
iii. 1822	c. Britain abolished slave trade
iv. 1840	d. Tanganyika became a republic
v. 1873	e. Moresby Treaty signed
vi. 1884	f. Closure of Zanzibar slave market
vii. 1902	g. Berlin Conference
viii. 1959	h. British-Boer Peace Treaty in Pretoria
ix. 1962	i. Discovery of Zinjanthropus
x. 1964	j. Seyyid Said moved his capital to Zanzibar

ANSWERS

3. Write **T** if the statement is correct and **F** if the statement is incorrect in the table below.

- i. People lived a nomadic life during the Early Stone Age.
- ii. Feudalism involved a class system of lords and tenants.
- iii. The Nyamwezi practiced a centralized system called Ntemiship.
- iv. The slave trade caused suffering mainly to Europeans.
- v. Egalitarian states had no centralized authority.
- vi. The Dutch introduced new farming methods at the Cape.
- vii. Slaves were exported to the Americas for plantation work.
- viii. The Hehe and Nyamwezi were centralized states in pre-colonial Africa.
- ix. Shaka became the Zulu leader in the 19th century.
- x. Historical sites are places where past remains are found.

ANSWERS

i	ii	iii	iv	v	vi	vii	viii	ix	x

SECTION B (30 Marks)

Answer ALL questions in this section.

4. Fill in the blanks with appropriate answers.

a) The _____ Stone Age began around 2.5 million years ago.

b) The Chagga and Pare were examples of _____ societies, with inheritance through the _____ line.

c) The slave trade was abolished in British territories in _____.

d) The language replaced by Dutch at the Cape was _____.

e) The exchange of goods without money is called _____.

5. Study the map below and answer the questions that follow.

a) Name the trade system shown on the map.

b) Name the continents marked A and B.

i) _____

ii) _____

c) What is the ocean marked C?

d) Mention three (3) goods transported on route D.

i) _____

ii) _____

iii) _____

e) Mention three (3) goods transported on route E.

i) _____

ii) _____

iii) _____

6. Answer the following questions in brief.

a) Mention two (2) functions of museums.

i) _____

ii) _____

b) List two (2) methods of food acquisition during the Middle Stone Age.

i) _____

ii) _____

c) Give two (2) benefits of iron smelting in pre-colonial Africa.

i) _____

ii) _____

d) Name four (4) methods used to acquire slaves in East Africa.

i) _____

ii) _____

iii) _____

iv) _____

e) List two (2) features of feudalism.

i) _____

ii) _____

SECTION C (40 Marks)

Answer any FOUR (4) questions in this section.

Leave two (2) lines after each question.

7. Discuss five (5) negative impacts of the slave trade on East African societies.
8. Explain four (4) factors that led to the growth of Swahili culture in East Africa.
9. a) Define the term "Iron Age."
b) Describe four (4) impacts of iron technology on African societies.
10. Elaborate five (5) reasons for the decline of the Omani Empire in East Africa.
11. Discuss four (4) contributions of missionaries to East African societies.
12. Write short notes on the following:
 - a) Barter trade
 - b) Historical sites
 - c) Homo habilis
 - d) Centralized states
 - e) Ngoni migration