

**SMZ**  
**ZANZIBAR EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL**  
**FORM THREE ENTRANCE EXAMINATION**  
**MATHEMATICS**

0041

**Time: 2:30 Hours**

**ANSWERS**

**Year: 2014**

**Instructions:**

1. this paper consists of section A and B
2. Answer all questions in Section A and Four questions in section B
3. Use a blue or black pen.

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1. i) List down all factors of 16:

Factors of 16 are: 1, 2, 4, 8, 16.

ii) List down all factors of 24:

Factors of 24 are: 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 12, 24.

Hence, the greatest common factor (GCF) of 16 and 24:

Common factors are: 1, 2, 4, 8.

GCF = 8.

b) i) Round off each of the numbers 8.7, 69.5, 210.11, and 146.8 to the nearest unit:

- 8.7 rounds to 9.

- 69.5 rounds to 70.

- 210.11 rounds to 210.

- 146.8 rounds to 147.

ii) Approximate the value of the numerical expression:

Expression:  $(146.8 \times 210.11) \div (69.5 \times 8.7)$

Rounded values:  $(147 \times 210) \div (70 \times 9)$

Approximation:  $(30870) \div (630) = 49$ .

2. a) Simplify  $(3\frac{1}{2} + 4\frac{7}{8}) \times 2\frac{1}{2}$ :

Convert to improper fractions:

-  $3\frac{1}{2} = 7/2$ ,  $4\frac{7}{8} = 39/8$ ,  $2\frac{1}{2} = 5/2$ .

Add  $7/2 + 39/8$ :

- Find LCM of 2 and 8, which is 8.

-  $(28/8) + (39/8) = 67/8$ .

Multiply  $(67/8) \times (5/2)$ :

-  $(67 \times 5) \div (8 \times 2) = 335/16 = 20 \frac{15}{16}$ .

b) i) Increase 75 by 8 percent:

8% of 75 =  $(8/100) \times 75 = 6$ .

Increase =  $75 + 6 = 81$ .

ii) Decrease  $12\frac{1}{2}$  by 12 percent:

Convert  $12\frac{1}{2}$  to a decimal: 12.5.

12% of 12.5 =  $(12/100) \times 12.5 = 1.5$ .

Decrease =  $12.5 - 1.5 = 11$ .

3. a) Perform the following operations:

i)  $(5 \text{ km} + 50 \text{ m} + 3000 \text{ cm}) + (2 \text{ km} + 25 \text{ m} + 500 \text{ cm})$ :

Convert all to meters:

- 5 km = 5000 m, 50 m = 50 m, 3000 cm = 30 m.

- 2 km = 2000 m, 25 m = 25 m, 500 cm = 5 m.

Add:  $(5000 + 50 + 30) + (2000 + 25 + 5) = 5080 + 2030 = 7110$  meters.

3. a) i) Perform the following operations:

$(5 \text{ km} + 50 \text{ m} + 3000 \text{ cm}) + (2 \text{ km} + 25 \text{ m} + 500 \text{ cm})$ , giving your answer in meters.

Convert all distances to meters:

- 5 km = 5000 m, 50 m = 50 m, 3000 cm = 30 m.

- 2 km = 2000 m, 25 m = 25 m, 500 cm = 5 m.

Add:  $(5000 + 50 + 30) + (2000 + 25 + 5) = 5080 + 2030 = 7110$  meters.

Final answer: 7110 meters.

ii)  $(3.5 \text{ liters} + 500 \text{ milliliters}) - (1.8 \text{ liters} + 700 \text{ milliliters})$ , giving your answer in milliliters.

Convert all quantities to milliliters:

- 3.5 liters = 3500 ml, 500 milliliters = 500 ml.

- 1.8 liters = 1800 ml, 700 milliliters = 700 ml.

Calculate:  $(3500 + 500) - (1800 + 700) = 4000 - 2500 = 1500$  milliliters.

Final answer: 1500 milliliters.

b) A person changed 450 US dollars and obtained 765,000 T. shillings. What was the exchange rate in T. shillings per dollar?

Exchange rate = Total amount in T. shillings  $\div$  Amount in dollars.

Exchange rate =  $765,000 \div 450 = 1700$  T. shillings per dollar.

Final answer: 1700 T. shillings per dollar.

4. a) In the figure provided, find the size of the angles marked by the letters x and y.

Using angle properties:

- At point R, the angle x and the  $62^\circ$  angle form a straight line. The sum of angles on a straight line is  $180^\circ$ .

$$x = 180^\circ - 62^\circ = 118^\circ.$$

- At point Y, the angles y and x form a vertically opposite pair of angles. Vertically opposite angles are equal.

$$y = x = 118^\circ.$$

b) A rectangular garden of length 24 meters has an area of 240 square meters.

i) Determine its width:

Area of a rectangle = Length x Width.

$$240 = 24 \times \text{Width}.$$

$$\text{Width} = 240 \div 24 = 10 \text{ meters}.$$

ii) Determine the length of its diagonal:

The diagonal forms the hypotenuse of a right triangle with the length and width as the other two sides.

Using the Pythagorean theorem:

$$\text{Diagonal}^2 = \text{Length}^2 + \text{Width}^2.$$

$$\text{Diagonal}^2 = 24^2 + 10^2.$$

$$\text{Diagonal}^2 = 576 + 100 = 676.$$

$$\text{Diagonal} = \sqrt{676} = 26 \text{ meters}.$$

5. a) What number must be added to the expression  $x^2 + 6x + 7$  to make it a perfect square?

The general form of a perfect square trinomial is  $(x + a)^2 = x^2 + 2ax + a^2$ .

For  $x^2 + 6x + 7$ :

$$- 2a = 6, \text{ so } a = 3.$$

$$- a^2 = 3^2 = 9.$$

To make  $x^2 + 6x + 7$  a perfect square, add  $9 - 7 = 2$ .

b) Ali is now 12 years younger than her sister Masha. The ratio of their ages three years ago was 1:3.

i) Translate the above statement into a mathematical equation.

Let Ali's current age be  $x$  and Masha's current age be  $y$ .

Given:

$$- x = y - 12.$$

$$- \text{Three years ago, their ages were } x - 3 \text{ and } y - 3.$$

$$- \text{The ratio of their ages three years ago was } (x - 3) : (y - 3) = 1:3.$$

This gives the equation:  $(x - 3)/(y - 3) = 1/3$ .

ii) By solving the resulting equation, find their present ages.

Substitute  $x = y - 12$  into  $(x - 3)/(y - 3) = 1/3$ :

$$((y - 12) - 3)/(y - 3) = 1/3.$$

$$(y - 15)/(y - 3) = 1/3.$$

$$\text{Cross-multiply: } 3(y - 15) = 1(y - 3).$$

$$3y - 45 = y - 3.$$

$$2y = 42.$$

$$y = 21.$$

Substitute  $y = 21$  into  $x = y - 12$ :

$$x = 21 - 12 = 9.$$

c) Solve for  $t$ :  $4t - 2(5 - t) = 8 - 3(t + 1)$ .

Expand both sides:

$$4t - 10 + 2t = 8 - 3t - 3.$$

$$6t - 10 = 8 - 3 - 3t.$$

$$6t - 10 = 5 - 3t.$$

$$9t = 15.$$

$$t = 15/9 = 5/3.$$

Final answer:  $t = 5/3$ .

6. a) Rationalize the denominator and simplify:

$$\sqrt{6} / (\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{3}).$$

Multiply numerator and denominator by the conjugate of the denominator ( $\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3}$ ):

$$(\sqrt{6} / (\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{3})) \times ((\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3}) / (\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3})) = (\sqrt{6}(\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3})) / ((\sqrt{6})^2 - (\sqrt{3})^2).$$

Simplify:

$$\text{Numerator: } \sqrt{6} \times \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{6} \times \sqrt{3} = 6 + \sqrt{18} = 6 + 3\sqrt{2}.$$

$$\text{Denominator: } (\sqrt{6})^2 - (\sqrt{3})^2 = 6 - 3 = 3.$$

$$\text{Simplified result: } (6 + 3\sqrt{2}) / 3 = 2 + \sqrt{2}.$$

Final answer:  $2 + \sqrt{2}$ .

b) Obtain the values of x and y such that  $2^{b-y} = 16$  and  $3^{x-y} = 9$ .

$$\text{From } 2^{b-y} = 16:$$

$$16 = 2^4.$$

$$b - y = 4.$$

$$\text{From } 3^{x-y} = 9:$$

$$9 = 3^2.$$

$$x - y = 2.$$

Solve the system of equations:

$$1) b - y = 4.$$

$$2) x - y = 2.$$

Subtract equation 2 from equation 1:

$$(b - y) - (x - y) = 4 - 2.$$

$$b - x = 2.$$

Let  $b = x + 2$ . Substitute into equation 2:

$$(x + 2) - y = 4.$$

$$x + 2 - y = 4.$$

$$x - y = 2.$$

Using substitution,  $b = 6$ ,  $x = 4$ ,  $y = 2$ .

Final answers:  $b = 6$ ,  $x = 4$ ,  $y = 2$ .

7. a) Determine the exact values of:

i)  $\sqrt{2} (\cos 45^\circ + \sin 45^\circ)$ .

$$\cos 45^\circ = \sin 45^\circ = \sqrt{2}/2.$$

$$\sqrt{2} (\cos 45^\circ + \sin 45^\circ) = \sqrt{2}((\sqrt{2}/2) + (\sqrt{2}/2)) = \sqrt{2}(2\sqrt{2}/2) = \sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{2} = 2.$$

Final answer: 2.

ii)  $2\sqrt{3} \cos 30^\circ - \tan 45^\circ$ .

$$\cos 30^\circ = \sqrt{3}/2, \tan 45^\circ = 1.$$

$$2\sqrt{3} \cos 30^\circ - \tan 45^\circ = 2\sqrt{3}(\sqrt{3}/2) - 1 = (2\sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{3})/2 - 1 = 3 - 1 = 2.$$

Final answer: 2.

b) If  $\cos P = 15/17$ , where  $P$  is an acute angle, find the value of:

i)  $\sin P$ .

From the Pythagorean identity:  $\sin^2 P + \cos^2 P = 1$ .

$$\sin^2 P = 1 - \cos^2 P = 1 - (15/17)^2 = 1 - 225/289 = 64/289.$$

$$\sin P = \sqrt{(64/289)} = 8/17.$$

ii)  $\tan P$ .

$$\tan P = \sin P / \cos P = (8/17) / (15/17) = 8/15.$$

8. a) Solve for  $y$ :  $\log_{10}(y + 7) = \log_{10} y + 1$ .

Using the properties of logarithms:

$$\log_{10}(y + 7) = \log_{10} y + 1.$$

Rewrite 1 as  $\log_{10} 10$ :

$$\log_{10}(y + 7) = \log_{10} y + \log_{10} 10.$$

Combine logs on the right side:

$$\log_{10}(y + 7) = \log_{10}(10y).$$

Equate the arguments:

$$y + 7 = 10y.$$

Solve for  $y$ :

$$7 = 10y - y.$$

$$7 = 9y.$$

$$y = 7/9.$$

Final answer:  $y = 7/9$ .

b) Find the value of  $\log_3((b/a)^2)$  given that  $\log a = 1.83$  and  $\log b = 2.73$ .

Using the property  $\log_x((m/n)^k) = k(\log_x m - \log_x n)$ :

$$\log_3((b/a)^2) = 2(\log_3 b - \log_3 a).$$

Using the change of base formula  $\log_x m = \log m / \log x$ :

$$\log_3 b = \log b / \log 3, \log_3 a = \log a / \log 3.$$

Substitute the values:

$$\log_3 b = 2.73 / \log 3, \log_3 a = 1.83 / \log 3.$$

$$\log_3((b/a)^2) = 2((2.73 / \log 3) - (1.83 / \log 3)).$$

$$\log_3((b/a)^2) = 2((2.73 - 1.83) / \log 3).$$

$$\log_3((b/a)^2) = 2(0.90 / \log 3).$$

Approximate  $\log 3 \approx 0.477$ :

$$\log_3((b/a)^2) = 2(0.90 / 0.477).$$

$$\log_3((b/a)^2) \approx 2(1.887).$$

$$\log_3((b/a)^2) \approx 3.774.$$

Final answer:  $\log_3((b/a)^2) \approx 3.774$ .

c) Suggest any four ways of reducing industrial pollution in the world.

i) Adopting cleaner production technologies:

Industries should invest in energy-efficient equipment and renewable energy sources to reduce emissions and waste production.

ii) Implementing stricter environmental regulations:

Governments should enforce laws limiting industrial discharge of pollutants and ensure regular monitoring of emissions.

iii) Recycling and reusing industrial waste:

Encouraging the recycling of materials like metals, plastics, and chemicals can significantly reduce waste generation.

iv) Promoting afforestation and green spaces:

Planting trees around industrial areas can help absorb pollutants and improve air quality.

9. b) i) Plot the points A(4, 0), B(0, 3), and the origin (0, 0) on a graph. What is the common name of the resulting shape when these points are joined?

When the points A(4, 0), B(0, 3), and the origin (0, 0) are plotted on a graph and joined, the resulting shape is a right-angled triangle

ii) Calculate the length of the line from A to B.

Use the distance formula:

$$\text{Distance} = \sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2}.$$

For A(4, 0) and B(0, 3):

$$\text{Distance} = \sqrt{(0 - 4)^2 + (3 - 0)^2}.$$

$$\text{Distance} = \sqrt{((-4)^2 + 3^2)}.$$

$$\text{Distance} = \sqrt{(16 + 9)}.$$

$$\text{Distance} = \sqrt{25} = 5.$$

Final answer: 5 units.

10. a) i) How many subsets are there in a set with three (3) elements?

The number of subsets of a set with n elements is given by  $2^n$ .

For a set with 3 elements:

$$\text{Number of subsets} = 2^3 = 8.$$

Final answer: 8 subsets.

ii) List down all subsets of the set  $S = \{a, b, c\}$ .

The subsets of  $S = \{a, b, c\}$  are:

- $\{\}$  (empty set),
- $\{a\}$ ,
- $\{b\}$ ,
- $\{c\}$ ,
- $\{a, b\}$ ,
- $\{a, c\}$ ,
- $\{b, c\}$ ,
- $\{a, b, c\}$ .

Final answer:  $\{\}$ ,  $\{a\}$ ,  $\{b\}$ ,  $\{c\}$ ,  $\{a, b\}$ ,  $\{a, c\}$ ,  $\{b, c\}$ ,  $\{a, b, c\}$ .

b) Out of 200 students who appeared in the Form Three Entrance Examination, 140 passed Mathematics and 100 passed Physics. If 40 students failed both subjects, find by using a Venn diagram the number of students who passed:

i) Both subjects

ii) Physics but not Mathematics.

Total students = 200.

Students who failed both = 40.

Students who passed either subject =  $200 - 40 = 160$ .

Let x be the number of students who passed both subjects.

Students who passed Mathematics only =  $140 - x$ .



Students who passed Physics only =  $100 - x$ .

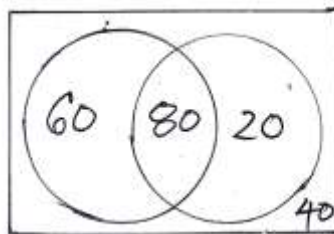
From the Venn diagram:

(Students who passed Mathematics only) + (Students who passed Physics only) + (Students who passed both) = Total students who passed either subject.

$$(140 - x) + (100 - x) + x = 160.$$

$$240 - x = 160.$$

$$x = 80.$$



i) Students who passed both subjects = 80.

ii) Students who passed Physics but not Mathematics =  $100 - x = 100 - 80 = 20$ .

11. a) i) Express the equation  $x/(x - 1) = 2(x - 5) + 11$  in the form  $x^2 + bx + c = 0$ , where  $b$  and  $c$  are integers.

Start with the given equation:

$$x / (x - 1) = 2(x - 5) + 11.$$

Multiply through by  $(x - 1)$  to eliminate the denominator:

$$x = (x - 1)(2(x - 5) + 11).$$

Expand the right-hand side:

$$x = (x - 1)(2x - 10 + 11).$$

$$x = (x - 1)(2x + 1).$$

Expand further:

$$x = 2x^2 + x - 2x - 1.$$

$$x = 2x^2 - x - 1.$$

Rearrange to form  $x^2 + bx + c = 0$ :

$$2x^2 - x - 1 - x = 0.$$

$$2x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0.$$

ii) Solve the resulting equation by the factorization method.

$$\text{Equation: } 2x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0.$$

Find two numbers whose product is  $(2)(-1) = -2$  and sum is  $-2$ .

Numbers:  $-2$  and  $1$ .

Rewrite the middle term:

$$2x^2 - 2x - 1 = 2x^2 - 2x + x - 1 = 0.$$

Group terms:

$$(2x^2 - 2x) + (x - 1) = 0.$$

$$2x(x - 1) + 1(x - 1) = 0.$$

Factorize:

$$(2x + 1)(x - 1) = 0.$$

Solve for x:

$$2x + 1 = 0 \text{ or } x - 1 = 0.$$

$$x = -1/2 \text{ or } x = 1.$$

Final answers:

$$x = -1/2, x = 1.$$

b) Given that  $m * n = \frac{1}{2}(m + n) - m$ , evaluate  $(9 * 17) * 6$ .

Step 1: Evaluate  $9 * 17$ .

$$m * n = \frac{1}{2}(m + n) - m.$$

$$9 * 17 = \frac{1}{2}(9 + 17) - 9.$$

$$9 * 17 = \frac{1}{2}(26) - 9.$$

$$9 * 17 = 13 - 9 = 4.$$

Step 2: Use the result from Step 1 to evaluate  $(9 * 17) * 6$ .

$$(9 * 17) * 6 = 4 * 6.$$

$$4 * 6 = \frac{1}{2}(4 + 6) - 4.$$

$$4 * 6 = \frac{1}{2}(10) - 4.$$

$$4 * 6 = 5 - 4 = 1.$$

Final answer: 1.

2. a) If  $AB = 3/4$  and  $BC = 5/6$ , find CA.

Using the property of a triangle,  $CA = AB + BC$ .

$$CA = 3/4 + 5/6.$$

Find the LCM of 4 and 6, which is 12.

Convert fractions:

$$3/4 = 9/12, 5/6 = 10/12.$$

$$CA = 9/12 + 10/12 = 19/12.$$

Final answer:  $CA = 19/12$  or  $1 \frac{7}{12}$ .

b) In setting the selling price P of an article, a shopkeeper doubled its cost price. What will be the profit if the selling price is T. Shillings 46,500?

If the selling price is double the cost price, then:

Selling price =  $2 \times$  Cost price.  
Cost price = Selling price  $\div 2$ .  
Cost price =  $46,500 \div 2 = 23,250$ .

Profit = Selling price - Cost price.  
Profit =  $46,500 - 23,250 = 23,250$ .

Final answer: Profit = T. Shillings 23,250.

13. a) i) Determine the perimeter of the polygon ABCDE.

From the figure,  $AB = 4$  cm,  $BC = 3$  cm, and the area of rectangle ACDE =  $20 \text{ m}^2$ .

To find the missing dimensions, use the area of the rectangle:

Area = Length  $\times$  Width.

$20 = AD \times DC$ .

Assume  $AD = 5$  m and  $DC = 4$  m (as it satisfies  $5 \times 4 = 20$ ).

Perimeter =  $AB + BC + CD + DE + EA$ .

Perimeter =  $4 + 3 + 5 + 4 + 4 = 20$  cm.

ii) What is the name given to this polygon?

The polygon is a pentagon (5 sides).

b) i) Show that triangles KLM and KPN are similar.

Two triangles are similar if their corresponding angles are equal.

From the figure:

-  $\angle KLM = \angle KPN = 40^\circ$  (common angle).

-  $\angle LMK = \angle PNK = 40^\circ$  (given).

Since two angles are equal, the triangles are similar by AA (Angle-Angle) similarity criterion.

ii) Using similarity property, calculate the length of the side labeled x.

From similarity, the ratio of corresponding sides is equal.

$KL / KP = LM / PN$ .

Substitute known values:

$12 / 8 = 7 / x$ .

Cross-multiply:

$12x = 8 \times 7$ .

$12x = 56$ .

$x = 56 / 12 = 4 \frac{2}{3}$  or 4.67 cm.

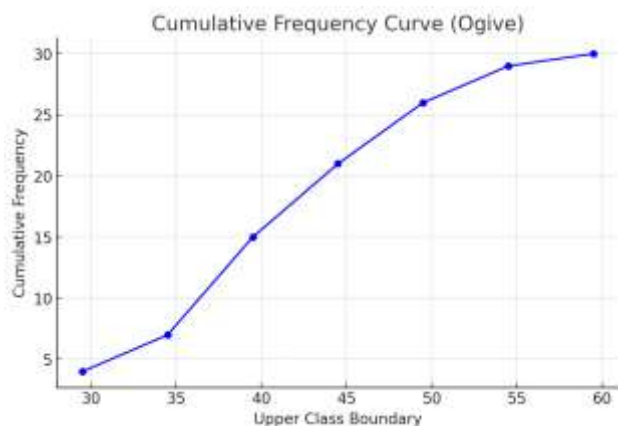
14. a) i) Prepare a frequency distribution that includes cumulative frequencies by grouping the ages into class intervals 25–29, 30–34, ..., 55–59.

Class intervals: 25–29, 30–34, 35–39, 40–44, 45–49, 50–54, 55–59.

Ages (data): 35, 46, 41, 59, 55, 47, 38, 32, 27, 35, 52, 45, 40, 56, 49, 53, 33, 42, 39, 36, 43, 42, 53, 41, 43, 29, 32, 25, 38, 44.

Class Interval	Frequency (f)	Cumulative Frequency (CF)
25–29	4	4
30–34	3	7
35–39	8	15
40–44	6	21
45–49	5	26
50–54	3	29
55–59	1	30

ii) Hence draw the cumulative frequency curve (ogive).



b) Ten packets of a chemical are such that five weigh 20.01 g, three weigh 19.98 g, and two weigh 20.03 g. Calculate the mean (average) mass of the packets.

Given weights:

- 5 packets weigh 20.01 g each.
- 3 packets weigh 19.98 g each.
- 2 packets weigh 20.03 g each.

Total mass

$$(5 \times 20.01) + (3 \times 19.98) + (2 \times 20.03).$$

$$= 100.05 + 59.94 + 40.06.$$

= 200.05 g.

Mean mass

Mean = Total mass  $\div$  Total number of packets.

Mean =  $200.05 \div 10 = 20.005$  g.

Final answer: Mean mass = 20.005 g.