SMZ

ZANZIBAR EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

FORM THREE ENTRANCE EXAMINATION

MATHEMATICS

Time: 2:30 Hours ANSWERS Year: 2020

Instructions:

- 1. this paper consists of section A and B
- 2. Answer all questions in Section A and Four questions in section B
- 3. Use a blue or black pen.

0041



1. a) Find the value of $4 \frac{3}{4} \div 5 \frac{1}{8}$.

Solution:

Convert the mixed fractions to improper fractions:

$$4 \ 3/4 = 19/4$$

$$5 \ 1/8 = 41/8$$

Divide the fractions:

$$19/4 \div 41/8 = 19/4 \times 8/41$$

Simplify:

$$(19 \times 8) / (4 \times 41) = 152 / 164 = 38 / 41$$

b) Work out 2235 + 2126.

Solution:

$$2235 + 2126 = 4361$$

2. Rationalize the denominator of $2/(2\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2})$.

Solution:

Multiply numerator and denominator by the conjugate of the denominator:

$$(2/(2\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}))\times((2\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2})/(2\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}))$$

Numerator:

$$2(2\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2}) = 4\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{2}$$

Denominator:

$$(2\sqrt{3})^2 - (\sqrt{2})^2 = 12 - 2 = 10$$

$$(4\sqrt{3} - 2\sqrt{2}) / 10$$

Simplify further:

$$(4\sqrt{3}/10) - (2\sqrt{2}/10) = (2\sqrt{3}/5) - (\sqrt{2}/5)$$

$$= (2\sqrt{3} / 5) - (\sqrt{2} / 5)$$

3. In the figure below, find the values of x, y, and z.

Solution:

The sum of angles in a triangle is 180°:

$$x + 80 + 40 = 180$$

$$x = 180 - 120$$

$$x = 60^{\circ}$$

For the vertically opposite angle:

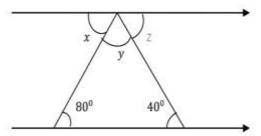
$$y = 60^{\circ}$$

The sum of angles on a straight line is 180°:

$$z + 60 = 180$$

$$z = 120^{\circ}$$

$$x = 60^{\circ}, y = 60^{\circ}, z = 120^{\circ}$$



4. a) Write 0.0745 in standard form.

Solution:

$$0.0745 = 7.45 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$7.45 \times 10^{-2}$$

b) Express 0.12 as a percentage.

Solution:

$$0.12 \times 100 = 12\%$$

12%

5. a) Simplify the expression $(3a^3b^2)^{-3}$.

Solution:

Apply the exponent rule $xy^n = x^ny^n$:

$$(3a^3b^2)^{-3} = 3^{-3}(a^3)^{-3}(b^2)^{-3}$$

Simplify each term:

$$3^{-3} = 1/3^3 = 1/27$$

$$(a^3)^{-3} = a^{-9} = 1/a^9$$

$$(b^2)^{-3} = b^{-6} = 1/b^6$$

Combine:

$$(3a^3b^2)^{-3} = (1/27)(1/a^9)(1/b^6)$$

$$= 1 / (27a^9b^6)$$

b) Make Y the subject of the formula, given that $X = (Y + YM^2) / KZ$.

Solution:

Multiply through by KZ to eliminate the denominator:

$$XKZ = Y + YM^2$$

Factorize Y on the right-hand side:

$$XKZ = Y(1 + M^2)$$

Solve for Y:

$$Y = XKZ / (1 + M^2)$$

6. a) Simplify the expression x(2y + 3) + y(3x + 4).

Solution:

Distribute x and y across the brackets:

$$x(2y) + x(3) + y(3x) + y(4)$$

Simplify each term:

$$2xy + 3x + 3xy + 4y$$

Combine like terms:

$$(2xy + 3xy) + 3x + 4y$$

$$5xy + 3x + 4y$$

b) Find the exterior angle of a regular nonagon.

Solution:

The formula for the exterior angle of a regular polygon is:

Exterior angle = 360° / n

For a nonagon (n = 9):

Exterior angle = $360^{\circ} / 9$

Exterior angle = 40°

7. The sum of the two numbers a and b is 30, and a is twice b. Find the value of a and b.

Solution:

$$a + b = 30$$

$$a = 2b$$

Substitute a = 2b into a + b = 30:

$$2b + b = 30$$

$$3b = 30$$

$$b = 10$$

$$a = 2b = 2 \times 10 = 20$$

$$a = 20, b = 10$$

8. a) Write in the box the correct mathematical sign <, >, = from the pair of numbers below:

i) 36% and 0.36

$$36\% = 36/100 = 0.36$$

$$36\% = 0.36$$

ii) 1 4/5 and 1.65

$$14/5 = 1 + 4/5 = 1 + 0.8 = 1.8$$

iii) 1.065 and 1 13/20

$$1\ 13/20 = 1 + 13/20 = 1 + 0.65 = 1.65$$

b) The total mass of 20 similar iron bars is 50kg 420g. What is the mass of each bar?

Solution:

$$50 \text{ kg} = 50 \times 1000 = 50000 \text{ g}$$

Total mass = 50000 g + 420 g = 50420 gMass of each bar = 50420 g / 20 = 2521 g

Convert to kilograms:

$$2521 g = 2 kg 521 g$$

Mass of each bar = 2 kg 521 g

9. a) Solve for (x) if: $(1/2)^x \times (1/8)^{x+1} \times (1/16)^{2x-1} = 1/32$

Solution:

Write each term as a power of 2:

$$(1/2)^x = 2^{-x}$$

$$(1/8)^{x+1} = 2^{-3(x+1)}$$

$$(1/16)^{2x-1} = 2^{-4(2x-1)}$$

$$1/32 = 2^{-5}$$

Combine the exponents:

$$2^{-x} \times 2^{-3(x+1)} \times 2^{-4(2x-1)} = 2^{-5}$$

Add the exponents:

$$^{-x}$$
 - 3(x + 1) - 4(2x - 1) = -5

Simplify:

$$^{-x}$$
 - 3^x - 3 - 8^x + 4 = $^-5$

$$-12^{x} + 1 = -5$$

$$-12^{x} = -6$$

$$x = 1/2$$

b) Use logarithm to evaluate the following expression and give your answer to 3 significant figures: 46.22×18.33

Solution:

$$log(46.22 \times 18.33) = log(46.22) + log(18.33)$$

$$\log(46.22) \approx 1.665$$

$$log(18.33) \approx 1.263$$

Add:

$$1.665 + 1.263 = 2.928$$

Antilog(2.928)
$$\approx 848.76$$

= 848.76

10. a) The buying price of the radio is sh. 5000 and the percentage profit is 30%. What is its selling price?

Solution:

Profit = 30% of Buying Price =
$$0.3 \times 5000 = 1500$$

b) Asha borrowed some money at simple interest of 12% per annum. After 2 years, she paid a total interest of sh. 5000. How much money did she pay?

Solution:

The formula for simple interest is:

$$I = P \times R \times T$$

Where:

I = Interest = 5000

R = Rate = 12% = 0.12

T = Time = 2 years

Substitute the values:

$$5000 = P \times 0.12 \times 2$$

Simplify:

 $5000 = P \times 0.24$

P = 5000 / 0.24

P = 20833.33

Asha borrowed sh. 20833.33

11. A wire 17m long attached to the top of tower and the ground. The wire is 15m away from the base of the tower.a) Calculate the height of the tower.

Solution:

Using Pythagoras' theorem:

$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$

Here:

c = 17 m (hypotenuse)

b = 15 m (base)

 $a^2 = c^2 - b^2$

 $a^2 = 17^2 - 15^2$

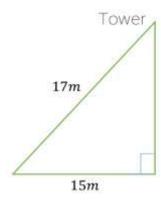
 $a^2 = 289 - 225$

 $a^2 = 64$

 $a = \sqrt{64}$

a = 8 m

The height of the tower is 8 m



6

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b) Calculate the size of the angle formed between the ground and the wire.

Solution:

Using the trigonometric ratio:

 $\cos \theta = \text{adjacent / hypotenuse}$

 $\cos\theta = 15 / 17$

 $\theta = \cos^{-1}(15 / 17)$

 $\theta\approx28.07^{\circ}$

12. a) In a class of 40 students, 18 are taking Kiswahili, 12 are taking both Kiswahili and Mathematics. How many students in this class are taking Mathematics, if 6 students are taking neither Kiswahili nor Mathematics?

Solution:

Let the total number of students be 40.

Students taking neither Kiswahili nor Mathematics = 6.

Students taking either Kiswahili or Mathematics or both = 40 - 6 = 34.

Let the number of students taking Mathematics only be M - 12, , where M is the total number of students taking Mathematics.

Students taking Kiswahili = 18.

Students taking both Kiswahili and Mathematics = 12.

Using the formula for the union of two sets:

$$n(A) + n(B) - n(A \cap B) = n(A \cup B)$$

$$18 + M - 12 = 34$$

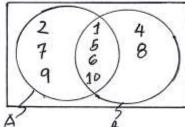
$$M + 6 = 34$$

$$M = 28$$

Number of students taking Mathematics = 28.

b) Draw a Venn diagram to represent the relationship between the sets

$$A = \{1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10\}$$
 and $B = \{1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10\}$.



13. a) If $z = (z_1 z_2) / (z_1 + z_2)$, evaluate z when $z_1 = 50$ and $z_2 = 65$.

Solution:

Substitute $z_1 = 50$ and $z_2 = 65$ into the formula:

$$z = (50 \times 65) / (50 + 65)$$

$$z = 3250 / 115$$

$$z = 28.26$$

b) Every morning Asha walks 9 km to and from school. How far does she walk in 150 days?

Solution:

Distance walked in a day = 9 km

Total distance in 150 days = $9 \times 150 = 1350 \text{ km}$

14. x and y are connected by the formula y = 3x + 6. Plot the graph of x against y for the values of x between -4 and 3 inclusive. Use your graph to find:

- a) y when x = 2.5
- b) y when x = -1.5

Solution:

To plot the graph, first calculate the corresponding y values for x values between -4 and 3 inclusive. Then plot these points and draw the graph.

From the graph of y = 3x + 6

- a) When x = 2.5, y = 13.5
- b) When x = -1.5, y = 1.5

