PHYSICS FORM TWO NECTA 2008.

Solutions from: Maktaba by TETEA

by Yohana Lozaro

1.

i	ii	iii	iv	٧	vi	vii	viii	ix	Х
D	Α	В	Α	В	В	Α	Α	В	Α

xi	xii	xiii	xiv	xv	xvi	xvii	xviii	xix	XX
В	D	D	С	С	D	D	С	Α	С

2.

i	ii	iii	iv	V	vi	vii	viii
G	E	С	Н	Α	В	1	D

3.(a) Velocity

- (b)acceleration and deceleration
- (c)(i)angle of incidence equals to angle of reflection
 - (ii) the incident ray, reflected ray and normal all lie on the same plane.
- 4. (a)(i)stable
 - (ii)unstable
 - (iii)neutral
- (b)pair of scissors
- (c)pulley

5(a)Heat capacity is the amount of heat required to raise temperature of substance by 1K

(b)POTENTIAL energy, $PE = 10 \times 4 \times 10$

= 400 J

(c)Rd = 8000/1000

= 8

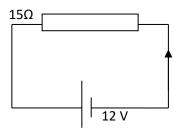
- 6. (a)(i)a cell
 - (ii)resistor
 - (iii)battery
 - (iv)lamp
 - (v)switch
 - (vi)variable resistor
 - (b)(i)B, North poles
 - (ii)x is neutral point
- 7.recall that

$$V^2 = u^2 + 2as$$

$$0^2 = 20^2 + 2 \times 10 \times s$$

Maximum height is 40 m

- 8. (a)Ohms law states that "at constant temperature, the p.d of circuit equals to current"
 - (b)(i)



- (ii)Current = 12/15
 - = 0.8 A
- 9. (a)pressure = force/area

Pressure =
$$0.2 \text{ N/m}^2$$

(b) Quantity of heat = mass x sp. Heat capacity x temp. change

$$320 = 40 \times C \times (50 - 30)$$

C= 0.4 j/g K

10.

Load = 500N

Load distance = 5m

Effort distance = 25 cm

Efficiency = 0.8

-From efficiency = $\frac{Mechanical\ advantage}{velocity\ ratio}$

Also, VR = effort distance/load distance

= 25/5 = 5

Then, 0.8 = MA/5

MA = 4

Again, MA =load/effort

Effort = load/MA

= 500/4

Effort = 125 N

Also workdone by load = $500 \times 5 = 2500 \text{ J}$

Workdone by effort = $125 \times 25 = 3125 \text{ J}$

Total workdone by machine = 2500 + 3125

= 5625 J