# THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL OF TANZANIA FORM TWO NATIONAL ASSESSMENT

019

### THEATRE ARTS

Time: 2:30 Hours Year: 2020

#### Instructions

- 1. This paper consists of sections A, B and C with a total of eleven (11) questions.
- 2. Answer all questions in sections A and B and one (1) question from section C.
- 3. Section A carries thirty (30) marks, section B fifty (50) marks and section C carries twenty (20) marks.
- 4. All answers must be written in the spaces provided.
- 5. All writing must be in black or blue ink.
- 6. Cellular phones and any unauthorised materials are not allowed in the assessment room
- 7. Write your Assessment Number at the top right corner of every page.

	FOR AS	SESSOR'S L	JSE ONLY	
<b>QUESTION NUMBER</b>	S	CORE	ASSESSO	R'S INITIALS
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# SECTION A (30 Marks)

Answer all questions in this section.

١.	For e	ach of the items (i) - (x), choose the correct answer from among the given alternatives rite its letter in the box provided.
	(i) <sub>1</sub>	Which form of theatre arts the audience experience sad ending?  A Comedy.  B Tragedy.  C Tragicomedy.  D Melodrama.
	(ii)	When did the theatre performance focus on promoting Ujamaa and self- reliance in Tanzania?  A After Arusha declaration. B During colonial period.  C During Arusha declaration. D During pre-colonial period.
	(iii)	Which of the following performing technique involves process of rehearsal based on imagery in the dramatic text?  A Storytelling B Recitation C Dance D Drama.
	(iv)	Which set are major types of stories?  A Fiction, legends and singing B Fable, tales and fiction C Acting, legends and tales D Myths, legends and folktales.
	(v)	When was Tanzanian theatre disturbed by the colonial system?  A In the 16 <sup>th</sup> century  B In the 19 <sup>th</sup> century  C In the 17 <sup>th</sup> century  D In the 12 <sup>th</sup> century.
	(vi)	Which drama in oriental theatre is the text sung to percussion accompanied with songs, drum and symbols?  A Kathakali. B No. C Kabuki. D Opera.
	(vii)	Which characteristics differentiate the recitations from storytelling?  A Facial expression.  B Songs and gesture.  C High tone in its delivery.  D Dance and songs.
	(viii)	Which of the following are the major segments practiced in Tanzanian theatre?  A Pre-colonial, Colonial and before Arusha declaration.  B Pre-colonial, Colonial and Post-independence.  C Colonial, Post-independence and Arusha declaration  D Pre-colonial, Arusha declaration and Contemporary.

(ix)	Th	e methods which were used by Tan	zania	in indigenous theatre to educate the soci	iety
	in p	pre-colonial times were		Processor Control of the Control of	_
	A	formal and participatory	В	informal and demonstration	
51	C	informal and non-formal	D	participatory and non-formal.	_
(x)	Wi	nat are the major components of We	stern	Theatre?	
	A	Spectacle, characters, thought, ele	men	and diction.	7
	B	Elements, characters, thought, mu	sic a	nd diction.	
	C	Forms, thought, diction, music an	d spe	ctacle.	_
	D	Plot, characters, thought, diction a	ind s	pectacle,	

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2. Match the descriptions of world theatre in List A with the name of theatre form in List B by writing the letter of the correct response below the corresponding item number in the table provided.

7.	List A		List B
(i)	The theatre which is based on Hindu epics with violence and death.	Α.	Storytelling
(ii)	The theatre which use more singing text than spoken with acrobatics and clowning.	В.	Comedy
(iii)		C.	Kathakali
(111)	expression, songs and gestures when narrating the	D.	Songs
	The theatre with visual medium which major	E.	Dance
(iv)	The theatre with visual medium which major component is the human body with varieties of expression.	F.	Recitation
(v)	The theatre that uses figurative languages and high	G.	Sanskrit
( )	tone in its delivery when narrating the verse.	Н.	Tragedy
(vi)	A play consisting of a serious play with a topic of universal human import as its theme.	Į.	No
(vii)	The theatre of Japan with highly stylized scenery,	J.	Melodrama
	acting and makeup.	K.	Opera 🌲
(viii)	The theatre from Japan with highly ceremonial drama, mysterious and tragic.	L.	Theatrical rituals
(ix)	Traditional theatre which involve gestures and spoken text to communicate with gods.	M.	Kabuki
		N.	Zaju-zaju
(x)	The dance theatre from India performed indoors, danced and acted with an onstage instrumental and percussion accompaniment.	10 -	

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## Answers

List A	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(v)	(vi)	(vii)	(viii)	(ix)	(x)
List B										1

		to be specified the suppose in the specific that
3.	Con	plete the following statements by writing the answer in the spaces provided.
	(i)	Art stimulates an individual's thought, emotions, believes or ideas through
	(ii)	The combination of auditorium, stage, scenery, costumes and lights creates
	(iii)	In many societies art is produced on both aesthetic and value for a purpose of
	(iv)	Storytelling is an art which its performance is based on
	(v)	Children learn traditions by growing up in a particular society through a process called
4.		each of the following sentences write <b>True</b> if the statement is correct or <b>False</b> if the ment is not correct in the spaces provided.
	(i)	Recitation is a form of theatrical performance which is popular in some Tanzanian societies.
	(ii)	Tragedy is a play that begins as tragedy but includes comic elements and ends happily
	(iii)	A key role of Theatre Arts is to promote freedom of expression and society's democratisation
	(iv)	African theatre reflects the culture and traditions of African societies
	(v)	Kabuki is a traditional form of Japanese theatre which originated in the 1691
		SECTION B (50 Marks)
		Answer all questions in this section.
5.	Ident	tify five common characteristics of Eastern theatre.
	(i) .	
	(ii) .	

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# Answers

List A (i)	(ii) (iii)	(iv)	(v)	(vi)	(vii)	(viii)	(ix)	(x)	
List B							-		

<ol> <li>Complete the following statements by writing the answer in the spaces provided.</li> <li>(i) Art stimulates an individual's thought, emotions, believes or ideas through</li></ol>	
<ul> <li>(ii) The combination of auditorium, stage, scenery, costumes and lights creates.</li> <li>(iii) In many societies art is produced on both aesthetic and value for a purpof</li> <li>(iv) Storytelling is an art which its performance is based on</li> <li>(v) Children learn traditions by growing up in a particular society through a procalled</li> <li>4. For each of the following sentences write True if the statement is correct or False if statement is not correct in the spaces provided.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>(iii) In many societies art is produced on both aesthetic and value for a purpof</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>of</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>(v) Children learn traditions by growing up in a particular society through a procalled</li></ul>	pose
4. For each of the following sentences write <b>True</b> if the statement is correct or <b>False</b> if statement is not correct in the spaces provided.	
statement is not correct in the spaces provided.	cess
	the
(i) Recitation is a form of theatrical performance which is popular in some Tanzar societies	nian
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(iv) African theatre reflects the culture and traditions of African societies	
(v) Kabuki is a traditional form of Japanese theatre which originated in the 1691	
CICCTION D (50 Monles)	
SECTION B (50 Marks)  Answer all questions in this section.	
5. Identify five common characteristics of Eastern theatre.	
(i)	
(ii)	

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	(iii)								
	(111)								
						.,,			
	(iv)		••••••						
			•••••						
	(v)								
6.	(a) Bri	efly descri	be three func	tions of the	e Theatre A	rts to the A	frican comm	nunity.	
			Y =					,	
	(i)								
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					500	
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	(ii)	•••••							
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	(b) Me	ention four	techniques u	ised in per	forming Afr	ican Theat	re.		
	(i)								
	(::)								
	(II)	,							
	(iii	i)							
	Giv	·)			,				

# Student's Assessment Number..... 7. Briefly describe five important resources to be considered when performing the Western drama. ..... ...... (iv).....

8. Elaborate five key elements which make story interesting to the audience.

(i) ......

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(ii)			
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(iii)			
			••••••
(iv)			
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(v)			
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			A.

9. Study the following picture and answer the questions that follow.



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		Stituent 3 Assessment Plantock	
	Man	ne a type of theatre arts shown on the picture.	
(a)	Name a type of the are		
(b)	Is the performance practiced in African, Western or Eastern theatre?		
(0)			
(c)	Give	two reasons for your answer in (b).	
	(i)		
	(ii)		
(d)	Brief	fly describe three components of theatre arts included in a picture.	
	(i)		
	(ii)		
	(iii)		
	(111)		
		CECTION C (20 No. )	
		SECTION C (20 Marks)	
		Answer one (1) question from this section.	
10. Exp	olain si	x uses of ritual performance in African society.	
		in African Society.	
11. Des	cribe	six functions of African theatre forms during the pre-colonial era in Tanzania.	
		Torms during the pre-cojonial eta in Tune	
		······································	