THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL GRADE A TEACHERS' CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION

622 ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Time: 3 Hours. Year: 2008

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. This paper consists of sections A, B and C.
- 2. Answer all questions in sections A and two (2) questions from each sections B and C.
- 3. Section A carries 40 marks, section B and C carry 30 marks.
- 4. Cellular phones and unauthorized materials are **not** allowed in the examination room.
- 5. Write your Examination Number on every page of your answer booklet(s).



SECTION A (40 Marks)

Answer all questions

- 1. Define phonetics and phonology, and explain their significance in English learning.
- 2. Change into indirect speech: "The pupils are reading silently," said the teacher.
- 3. Construct two sentences using the modal verb "must" to show necessity.
- 4. Combine the sentences: She was tired. She completed the assignment.
- 5. Differentiate between homophones and homonyms with examples.
- 6. Write two sentences to show future time using "going to" and "will."
- 7. Give four reasons why teaching aids are important in English teaching.
- 8. Write two sentences using compound nouns.
- 9. Differentiate between formative and summative assessment.
- 10. State three purposes of record keeping in primary schools.

SECTION B (40 Marks)

Answer any two questions

- 11. Explain five challenges teachers face in multilingual classrooms and propose solutions.
- 12. Discuss the benefits and limitations of integrating literature into English teaching.
- 13. Suggest six classroom practices you would advise a new English teacher to adopt.
- 14. Analyse five advantages of using group work in teaching English.
- 15. Discuss the role of continuous assessment in promoting effective English learning.

SECTION C (20 Marks)

Answer one question

- 16. Analyse the claim that grammar should not dominate English teaching in Tanzania, giving examples.
- 17. Discuss the role of teachers in cultivating self-expression among pupils through English.
- 18. Debate whether technology should replace traditional methods in teaching English in primary schools.