

**THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA**  
**THE NATIONAL EXAMINATIONAL COUNCIL OF TANZANIA**  
**STANDARD FOUR NATIONAL ASSESSMENT**

**02**

**ENGLISH LANGUAGE**

**Time: 1:30 Hours.**

**ANSWER**

**Year: 2020**

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**INSTRUCTIONS:**

1. This paper consists of five sections A, B, C, D and E with a total of **five (5)** questions.
2. Answer **all** questions.

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## SECTION A (10 Marks) DICTATION

1. Listen carefully to the sentences read in (i) to (v) then write them in the blank spaces provided.

- (i) **Today is my birthday.**
- (ii) **He speaks English well.**
- (iii) **It has stopped raining.**
- (iv) **They have two children.**
- (v) **She cooks nice meals**

## SECTION B (10 Marks) VOCABULARY

2. Choose the most correct answer in (i) to (v) and then write its letter in the box provided.

(i) The son of your uncle or aunt is

- A. your nice
- B. your brother
- C. your cousin
- D. your nephew

**C. your cousin**

The child of one's uncle or aunt is correctly referred to as a cousin.

(ii) The opposite of the word 'after' is

- A. before
- B. next
- C. now
- D. later

**A. before**

Before is the direct opposite of after in terms of time.

(iii) My uncle makes tables, desks, chairs and doors with woods. He is

- A. a plumber
- B. a carpet
- C. a carpenter
- D. a car painter
- C. a carpenter**

A carpenter is a person who makes furniture and wooden items.

(iv) The word 'fast' has the same meaning as

- A. slow
- B. quick
- C. gentle
- D. rash
- B. quick**

Fast and quick have the same meaning.

(v) The pupils were attacked by a of bees.

- A. flock
- B. crowd
- C. gang
- D. swam
- A. flock**

A group of bees is correctly referred to as a flock.

### SECTION C (10 Marks) GRAMMAR

3. Complete sentence (i) to (v) by choosing the correct words provided in the brackets to make sentences meaningful.

(i) Our country has (many, much, any) industries.

Our country has **many** industries.

(ii) My friend will come (on, at, in) 8 o'clock in the morning.

My friend will come **at** 8 o'clock in the morning.

(iii) (Would, Have, Has) open the window for me, please?

**Would** open the window for me, please?

(iv) The head teacher (was, were, am) teaching us the national anthem.

The head teacher **was** teaching us the national anthem.

(v) My sister and I (goes, go, going) to school on foot every morning.

My sister and I **go** to school on foot every morning.

#### SECTION D (10 Marks) COMPOSITION

4. Complete the following letter by filling in the blank spaces with the correct words provided in the box.

Neema, visit, P. O. Box 412, alright, Dear

Mtaroni Primary school,

**P. O. Box 412**

ARUSHA,

20th November

**Dear** uncle,

It is my hope that you are doing fine. I am **alright**. I am writing to tell you that I will **visit** you during the next holiday in December. I will stay there for two weeks. Later on, I will visit my aunt in Dodoma.

Pass my greetings to my grandmother. I hope to meet you there.

Your niece,

**Neema**

### SECTION E (10 Marks) COMPREHENSION

Read the following passage carefully, and then write the answers to items (i) to (v) in the spaces provided.

My name is Hassan. I am Standard Four at Jamhuri Primary School. I live in Tambe Village. Many people in the village are farmers. They cut down trees and grow crops. They also keep cattle. The weather around the village is very dry. There is little rain.

One day, our teacher took us to Mkombozi village. Mkombozi is a small village near Kazimoto town. My village is between Kazimoto town and Nela Village. The villagers of Mkombozi keep their environment well. They plant and protect trees. The village looks green with many trees. The weather around Mkomazi Village is cool with a lot of rain. Our teacher told us that trees help to get cool weather and a lot of rain. The visit was very good. It helped me to understand why my village is dry.

#### **Questions:**

(i) Who is telling this story?

**Hassan** is telling the story.

(ii) Where is Mkomazi village?

Mkomazi village is **near Kazimoto town**.

(iii) Why is Tambe village dry?

Tambe village is dry because **people cut down trees and there is little rain**.

(iv) When did Hassan learn that trees are important?

Hassan learned this **when his teacher took them to Mkombozi village.**

(v) How do the Mkomazi villagers keep their environment?

They keep their environment by **planting and protecting trees.**