

3.1 - Streamline Flow and Continuity

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- (1998) What is terminal velocity?
- (1998) Briefly explain an experiment designed to measure terminal velocity.
- (1998) A small sphere of radius r and density σ is released from the bottom of a column of liquid of density ρ which is slightly higher than σ . Deduce expressions for;
 - the initial acceleration of the sphere.
 - the terminal velocity of the sphere.
- (1998) Explain why a length of horse pipe which is lying in a curve on a smooth horizontal surface, straightens out when a fast flowing stream of water passes through it.
- (1999) Write down the equation of continuity of a fluid defining all your symbols.
- (2000) At two points on a horizontal tube of varying circular cross-section carrying water, the radii are 1cm and 0.4 cm and the pressure difference between these points is 4.9 cm of water. How much liquid flows through the tube per second?
- (2007) Write the Continuity and Bernoulli's equations as applied to fluid dynamics.
- (2007) Develop an equation to determine the velocity of a fluid in a venturi meter pipe.
 - What amount of fluid passes through a section at any given time?
- (2013) What is meant by Newtonian fluid?
- (2015) Name the principle on which the continuity equation is based.
- (2015) Air is moving fast horizontally past an air-plane. The speed over the top surface is 60 m/s and under the bottom surface is 45 m/s. Calculate the difference in pressure.
- (2016) A jet of water from a fire hose is capable of reaching a height of 20 m. If the cross sectional area of the hose outlet is $4.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2$, calculate the:
 - Minimum speed of water from the hose.
 - Mass of water leaving the hose each second.
 - Force on the hose due to the water jet.
- (2017) What is the terminal velocity?

- (2018) Compute the mass of water striking the wall per second when a jet of water with a velocity of 5 m/s and cross-sectional area of $3 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}^2$ strikes the wall at right angle losing its velocity to zero.
- (2018) Define the following terms when applied to fluid flow:
 - Non-viscous fluid
 - Steady flow
 - Line of flow
 - Turbulent flow